UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

	101	an io Q	
⊠ Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 of	or 15(d) of the Secur	ities Exchange Act of 1934	
F	or the quarterly peri	iod ended September 30, 2022	
☐ Transition report pursuant to Section	13 or 15(d) of the Sec	curities Exchange Act of 1934	
	Commission Fil	le Number: 333-203369	
	Loominar	Enoway I I C	
	•	Energy LLC rant as specified in its charter)	
Delaware		•	32-0407370
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)			(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
300 Carnegie Center, Suite 300 (Address of principal of	Princeton executive offices)	New Jersey	08540 (Zip Code)
(,	9) 608-1525 e number, including area code)	
Securi	ties registered pursua	nt to Section 12(b) of the Act: None.	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) ha			
preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the re-			et to such filing requirements for the past 90 days
To disease has already assent ask on the angle sease has a sale		Yes X No O	unhanittad annannat ta Dula 105 af Danulatian C I
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has sul (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months	omitted electronically ex (or for such shorter per	iod that the registrant was required to sub	mit such files).
	,	Yes X No O	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerate Exchange Act.	large accelerated filer, a d filer," "accelerated fil	in accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "e	er, a smaller reporting company or an emerging emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	\boxtimes	Smaller reporting company	
		Emerging growth company	
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check if inancial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section			on period for complying with any new or revised
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a she	ell company (as defined i	n Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).	
	Yes	□ No x	
As of October 31, 2022, there were 34,599,645 Class Class D units outstanding. There is no public market for the	A units outstanding, 42 ne registrant's outstandin	,738,750 Class B units outstanding, 82,20 g units.	04,753 Class C units outstanding, and 42,336,750

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Clearway Energy LLC, together with its consolidated subsidiaries, or the Company, includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. The words "believes," "projects," "anticipates," "plans," "expects," "intends," "estimates" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the Company's actual results, performance and achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors, risks and uncertainties include the factors described under Item 1A — *Risk Factors* in Part I of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, as well as the following:

- The Company's ability to maintain and grow its quarterly distributions;
- Potential risks related to COVID-19 (including any variant of the virus) or any other pandemic;
- Potential risks related to the Company's relationships with GIP, TotalEnergies and CEG;
- The Company's ability to successfully identify, evaluate and consummate acquisitions from, and dispositions to, third parties;
- The Company's ability to acquire assets from GIP, TotalEnergies or CEG;
- The Company's ability to raise additional capital due to its indebtedness, corporate structure, market conditions or otherwise;
- Changes in law, including judicial decisions;
- Hazards customary to the power production industry and power generation operations such as fuel and electricity price volatility, unusual weather
 conditions (including wind and solar conditions), catastrophic weather-related or other damage to facilities, unscheduled generation outages,
 maintenance or repairs, unanticipated changes to fuel supply costs or availability due to higher demand, shortages, transportation problems or
 other developments, environmental incidents, or electric transmission or gas pipeline system constraints and the possibility that the Company may
 not have adequate insurance to cover losses as a result of such hazards;
- The Company's ability to operate its businesses efficiently, manage maintenance capital expenditures and costs effectively, and generate earnings and cash flows from its asset-based businesses in relation to its debt and other obligations;
- The willingness and ability of counterparties to the Company's offtake agreements to fulfill their obligations under such agreements;
- The Company's ability to enter into contracts to sell power and procure fuel on acceptable terms and prices as current offtake agreements expire;
- Government regulation, including compliance with regulatory requirements and changes in market rules, rates, tariffs and environmental laws;
- Operating and financial restrictions placed on the Company that are contained in the project-level debt facilities and other agreements of certain subsidiaries and project-level subsidiaries generally, in the Clearway Energy Operating LLC amended and restated revolving credit facility and in the indentures governing the Senior Notes;
- Cyber terrorism and inadequate cybersecurity, or the occurrence of a catastrophic loss and the possibility that the Company may not have adequate insurance to cover losses resulting from such hazards or the inability of the Company's insurers to provide coverage; and
- The Company's ability to borrow additional funds and access capital markets, as well as the Company's substantial indebtedness and the possibility that the Company may incur additional indebtedness going forward.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they were made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. The foregoing review of factors that could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in any forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should not be construed as exhaustive.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

When the following terms and abbreviations appear in the text of this report, they have the meanings indicated below:

\$600 million aggregate principal amount of 5.750% unsecured senior notes due 2025, issued by Clearway Energy 2025 Senior Notes

Operating LLC, which were repurchased and redeemed in March 2021

\$850 million aggregate principal amount of 4.750% unsecured senior notes due 2028, issued by Clearway Energy 2028 Senior Notes

Operating LLC

\$925 million aggregate principal amount of 3.750% unsecured senior notes due 2031, issued by Clearway Energy 2031 Senior Notes

Operating LLC

\$350 million aggregate principal amount of 3.750% unsecured senior notes due 2032, issued by Clearway Energy 2032 Senior Notes

Operating LLC

Adjusted EBITDA A non-GAAP measure, represents earnings before interest (including loss on debt extinguishment), tax,

depreciation and amortization adjusted for mark-to-market gains or losses, asset write offs and impairments; and

factors which the Company does not consider indicative of future operating performance

The FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which the FASB established as the source of

authoritative GAAP

ASU Accounting Standards Updates - updates to the ASC

At-The-Market Equity Offering Programs ATM Programs

ASC

Senior secured bridge credit agreement entered into by Clearway Energy Operating LLC that provided a term loan Bridge Loan Agreement

facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$335 million and was repaid on May 3, 2022

A non-GAAP measure, Cash Available for Distribution is defined as of September 30, 2022 as Adjusted EBITDA plus cash distributions/return of investment from unconsolidated affiliates, cash receipts from notes receivable, **CAFD**

cash distributions from noncontrolling interests, adjustments to reflect sales-type lease cash payments and payments for lease expenses, less cash distributions to noncontrolling interests, maintenance capital expenditures, pro-rata Adjusted EBITDA from unconsolidated affiliates, cash interest paid, income taxes paid, principal amortization of indebtedness, changes in prepaid and accrued capacity payments, and adjusted for development

expenses

Five wind projects representing 413 MW of capacity, which includes Broken Bow and Crofton Bluffs located in Nebraska, Cedro Hill located in Texas and Mountain Wind Power I and II located in Wyoming Capistrano Wind Portfolio

Clearway Energy Group LLC (formerly Zephyr Renewables LLC)

Master Services Agreements entered into as of August 31, 2018 between the Company, Clearway, Inc., Clearway **CEG Master Services Agreement**

Energy Operating LLC and CEG

Clearway Energy, Inc., the holder of the Company's Class A and Class C units Clearway, Inc.

The holder of all of Clearway, Inc.'s Class B and Class D common shares, the Company's Class B and Class D Clearway Energy Group LLC

units and, from time to time, possibly shares of Clearway, Inc.'s Class A and/or Class C common stock

Clearway Energy Operating LLC The holder of the project assets that are owned by the Company

Company Clearway Energy LLC, together with its consolidated subsidiaries

CVSR California Valley Solar Ranch

CVSR Holdco LLC, the indirect owner of CVSR CVSR Holdco

Solar power projects, typically less than 20 MW in size (on an alternating current, or AC, basis), that primarily sell Distributed Solar

power produced to customers for usage on site, or are interconnected to sell power into the local distribution grid

Drop Down Assets Assets under common control acquired by the Company from CEG

Exchange Act The Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board

FWS U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

Accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. GAAP

GenConn GenConn Energy LLC Global Infrastructure Partners GIP

HLBV Hypothetical Liquidation at Book Value IRA Inflation Reduction Act of 2022

KKR KKR Thor Bidco, LLC, an affiliate of Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co. L.P.

LIBOR London Inter-Bank Offered Rate
Mesquite Star Mesquite Star Special LLC
MMBtu Million British Thermal Units
Mt. Storm NedPower Mount Storm LLC

MW Megawatt

MWh Saleable megawatt hours, net of internal/parasitic load megawatt-hours

MWt Megawatts Thermal Equivalent

Net Exposure Counterparty credit exposure to Clearway, Inc. net of collateral

NOLs Net Operating Losses

NPNS Normal Purchases and Normal Sales
OCI Other comprehensive income
OCL Other comprehensive loss
O&M Operations and Maintenance
PG&E Pacific Gas and Electric Company
PPA Power Purchase Agreement

RENOM Clearway Renewable Operation & Maintenance LLC

SCE Southern California Edison

SEC U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission

Senior Notes Collectively, the 2028 Senior Notes, the 2031 Senior Notes and the 2032 Senior Notes

SOFR Secured Overnight Financing Rate

SPP Solar Power Partners

SREC Solar Renewable Energy Credit
Tax Act Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017

Thermal Business The Company's thermal business, which consists of thermal infrastructure assets that provide steam, hot water

and/or chilled water, and in some instances electricity, to commercial businesses, universities, hospitals and

governmental units

Thermal Disposition On May 1, 2022, the Company completed the sale of 100% of its interests in the Thermal Business to KKR

TotalEnergies SE

U.S. United States of America

Utah Solar Portfolio Seven utility-scale solar farms located in Utah, representing 530 MW of capacity

Utility Scale Solar Solar power projects, typically 20 MW or greater in size (on an alternating current, or AC, basis), that are

interconnected into the transmission or distribution grid to sell power at a wholesale level

VaR Value at Risk

VIE Variable Interest Entity

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

${\bf ITEM~1-FINANCIAL~STATEMENTS}$

CLEARWAY ENERGY LLC

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,				
(In millions)	20	22	2021	_	2022			2021
Operating Revenues								
Total operating revenues	\$	340	\$	351	\$	922	\$	968
Operating Costs and Expenses	·							
Cost of operations, exclusive of depreciation, amortization and accretion shown separately below		98		117		338		334
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		129		131		379		387
General and administrative		8		10		29		29
Transaction and integration costs		_		1		5		4
Development costs		_		3		2		5
Total operating costs and expenses		235		262		753		759
Gain on sale of business		_		_		1,291		_
Operating Income		105		89		1,460		209
Other Income (Expense)								
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates		14		20		28		32
Other income, net		5		1		10		3
Loss on debt extinguishment		_		_		(2)		(42)
Interest expense		(49)		(84)		(143)		(232)
Total other expense, net		(30)		(63)		(107)		(239)
Net Income (Loss)		75		26		1,353		(30)
Less: Loss attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests		(3)		(12)		(49)		(114)
Net Income Attributable to Clearway Energy LLC	\$	78	\$	38	\$	1,402	\$	84

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

	Three months en	ded September 30,	Nine months ended September 30,				
(In millions)	2022	2021	2022	2021			
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 75	\$ 26	\$ 1,353	\$ (30)			
Other Comprehensive Income							
Unrealized gain on derivatives and changes in accumulated OCI/OCL	14	4	37	17			
Other comprehensive income	14	4	37	17			
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	89	30	1,390	(13)			
Less: Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests	(1)	(10)	(43)	(112)			
Comprehensive Income Attributable to Clearway Energy LLC	\$ 90	\$ 40	\$ 1,433	\$ 99			

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In millions)	Septen	September 30, 2022		
ASSETS		(Unaudited)		
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	793	\$	179
Restricted cash		363		475
Accounts receivable — trade		200		144
Inventory		48		37
Derivative instruments		23		_
Current assets held-for-sale		_		631
Prepayments and other current assets		61		65
Total current assets		1,488		1,531
Property, plant and equipment, net		7,437		7,650
Other Assets				
Equity investments in affiliates		377		381
Intangible assets for power purchase agreements, net		2,537		2,419
Other intangible assets, net		78		80
Derivative instruments		71		6
Right-of-use assets, net		519		550
Other non-current assets		89		101
Total other assets		3,671		3,537
Total Assets	\$	12,596	\$	12,718
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	*	,		,,
Current Liabilities				
Current portion of long-term debt — external	\$	493	\$	772
Current portion of long-term debt — affiliate		5		1
Accounts payable — trade		53		74
Accounts payable — affiliates		16		110
Derivative instruments		79		46
Accrued interest expense		41		54
Current liabilities held-for-sale		_		494
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		104		84
Total current liabilities		791		1,635
Other Liabilities				2,020
Long-term debt — external		6,519		6,939
Deferred income taxes		2		2
Derivative instruments		291		196
Long-term lease liabilities		541		561
Other non-current liabilities		191		168
Total other liabilities		7,544		7,866
Total Liabilities		8,335		9,501
Redeemable noncontrolling interest in subsidiaries		7	_	
Commitments and Contingencies		,		
Members' Equity				
Contributed capital		1,316		1,495
Retained earnings		1,328		43
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		25		(13)
Noncontrolling interest		1,585		1,692
Total Members' Equity		4,254		3,217
	\$	12,596	\$	12,718
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	Ψ	12,370	Ψ	14,710

CLEARWAY ENERGY LLC CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

Cash Flows from Operating Activities 7 (as) 5 (as) 6 (as) Cash Flows from Operating Activities (as) (as) (as) Equity in entirings of unconsolidated affiliates (as) (as) (as) Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates (as) (as) (as) Depreciation, amortization and accretion (as) (as) (as) Amortization of financing costs and debt discounts (as) (as) (as) Amortization of intangibles (as) (as) (as) Cash cost in carrying amount of right-of-use assets (as) (as) (as) Gain on sale of business (as) (as) (as) Changes in derivative instruments and amortization of accumulated OCIOCL (as) (as) (as) Cash used in changes in other working captalia (as) (as) (as) (as) Changes in prepaid and accrued liabilities for tolling agreements (as) (as) (as) (as) Changes in other working captality (as) (as) (as) (as) (as) (as) (as)		Nine months en	Nine months ended September 30,					
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Acquisitions, net of cash acquired — (211) Acquisition of Drop Down Assets (51) (132) — Capital expenditures (95) (124) Asset purchase from affiliate — (21) Asset purchase from affiliate — (21) Return of investment from unconsolidated affiliates 12 37 Proceeds from sale of business 1,457 — 21 Other — 21 21 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 1,100 (430) Cash Flows from Financing Activities 1 1,100 (430) Cash Flows from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions 2 148 (Distributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions 2 148 (Distributions to) contributions from CEG (16) 103 Tax-related distributions 2 148 (Distributions to) contributions from CEG (16) 103 Tax-related distributions (214) (199) Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (214) (199) </td <td>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</td> <td>614</td> <td>530</td>	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	614	530					
Acquisition of Drop Down Assets (51) (132) Acquisition of Capistrano Wind Portfolio, net of cash acquired (223) — Capital expenditures (95) (124) Asset purchase from affiliate — (211) Return of investment from unconsolidated affiliates 12 37 Proceeds from sale of business 1,457 — Other — 21 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 1,100 (430) Cash Flows from Financing Activities 2 148 Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions 2 148 (Distributions from CEG (16) 103 Tax-related distributions (19) — Payments of distributions (214) (199) Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (64) — Proceeds from the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility (325) (300) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt—external<	Cash Flows from Investing Activities							
Acquisition of Capistrano Wind Portfolio, net of cash acquired (223) — Capital expenditures (95) (124) Asset purchase from affiliate — (21) Return of investment from unconsolidated affiliates 12 37 Proceeds from sale of business 1,457 — Other — 21 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 1,100 (430) Cash Flows from Financing Activities 2 148 Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions 2 148 (Distributions to) contributions from CEG (16) 103 Tax-related distributions (19) — Payments of distributions (214) (199) Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (64) — Proceeds from the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility (325) (300) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external 5 — Payments of obst issuance costs (4) (13) Payments for short-term and l	Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	_	(211)					
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Asset purchase from affiliate — (21) Return of investment from unconsolidated affiliates 12 37 Proceeds from sale of business 1,457 — 21 Other — 21 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 1,100 (430) Cash Flows from Financing Activities 2 148 Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions 2 148 (Distributions to) contributions from CEG (16) 103 Tax-related distributions (19) — Payments of distributions (64) — Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (64) — Proceeds from the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility (325) (300) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external 2 1,037 Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — affiliate 5 — Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external (868) (1,170) Payments for long-term debt — affiliate (1) (1) <td>Acquisition of Capistrano Wind Portfolio, net of cash acquired</td> <td>(223)</td> <td>_</td>	Acquisition of Capistrano Wind Portfolio, net of cash acquired	(223)	_					
Return of investment from unconsolidated affiliates 12 37 Proceeds from sale of business 1,457 — Other — 21 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 1,100 (430) Cash Flows from Financing Activities — Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions 2 148 (Distributions to) contributions from CEG (16) 103 Tax-related distributions (19) — Payments of distributions (214) (199) Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (64) — Proceeds from the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility (325) (300) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt—external 219 1,037 Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt—external 4 (13) Payments for short-term and long-term debt—external (868) (1,170) Payments for short-term and bong-term debt—external (868) (1,170) Payments for iong-term debt—affiliate (7) 8	Capital expenditures	(95)	(124)					
Proceeds from sale of business 1,457 − Other − 21 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 1,100 (430) Cash Flows from Financing Activities − Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions 2 148 (Distributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions (16) 103 Tax-related distributions (19) − Payments of distributions (214) (199) Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (64) − Proceeds from the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility (325) (300) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external 219 1,037 Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — affiliate 5 − Payments of debt issuance costs (4) (13) Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external (868) (1,170) Payments for long-term debt — affiliate 5 − Other (7) 8 Net Cash Used in Financing Acti	Asset purchase from affiliate	_	(21)					
Other — 21 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 1,100 (430) Cash Flows from Financing Activities — 2 148 Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions 2 148 (Distributions to) contributions from CEG (16) 103 Tax-related distributions (19) — Payments of distributions (214) (199) Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (64) — Proceeds from the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility (325) (300) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external 219 1,037 Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt—affiliate 5 — Payments of debt issuance costs (4) (13) Payments for short-term and long-term debt—external (868) (1,170) Payments for long-term debt—affiliate (1) (1) Other (7) 8 Net Cash Used in Financing Activities (1,212) (10) Net Inc	Return of investment from unconsolidated affiliates	12	37					
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities 1,100 (430) Cash Flows from Financing Activities 2 148 Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions 2 148 (Distributions to) contributions from CEG (16) 103 Tax-related distributions (19) — Payments of distributions (214) (199) Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (64) — Proceeds from the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility (325) (300) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external 219 1,037 Proceeds from the issuance costs (4) (13) Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external 5 — Payments for long-term debt — affiliate (5) (1,170) Other (7) 8 Net Cash Used in Financing Activities (1) (1) Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash 502 90 Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period 654 46	Proceeds from sale of business	1,457	_					
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions 2 148 (Distributions to) contributions from CEG (16) 103 Tax-related distributions (19) — Payments of distributions (214) (199) Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (64) — Proceeds from the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility (325) (300) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external 219 1,037 Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — affiliate 5 — Payments of debt issuance costs (4) (13) Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external (868) (1,170) Payments for long-term debt — affiliate (1) (1) Other (7) 8 Net Cash Used in Financing Activities (1,212) (100) Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash 502 90 Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period 654 465 <td>Other</td> <td>_</td> <td>21</td>	Other	_	21					
Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions 2 148 (Distributions to) contributions from CEG (16) 103 Tax-related distributions (19) — Payments of distributions (214) (199) Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (64) — Proceeds from the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility (325) (300) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external 219 1,037 Proceeds from the issuance costs (4) (13) Payments of debt issuance costs (4) (13) Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external (868) (1,170) Payments for long-term debt — affiliate (1) (1) Other (7) 8 Net Cash Used in Financing Activities (1,212) (10) Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash 502 90 Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period 654 465	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	1,100	(430)					
(Distributions to) contributions from CEG (16) 103 Tax-related distributions (19) — Payments of distributions (214) (199) Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (64) — Proceeds from the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility (325) (300) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external 219 1,037 Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt—affiliate 5 — Payments of debt issuance costs (4) (13) Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external (868) (1,170) Payments for long-term debt — affiliate (1) (1) Other (7) 8 Net Cash Used in Financing Activities (1,212) (10) Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash 502 90 Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period 654 465	Cash Flows from Financing Activities							
Tax-related distributions (19) — Payments of distributions (214) (199) Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (64) — Proceeds from the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility (325) (300) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external 219 1,037 Proceeds from the issuance costs (4) (13) Payments of debt issuance costs (4) (13) Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external (868) (1,170) Payments for long-term debt — affiliate (1) (1) Other (7) 8 Net Cash Used in Financing Activities (1,212) (10) Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash 502 90 Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period 654 465	Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions	2	148					
Payments of distributions (214) (199) Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts (64) — Proceeds from the revolving credit facility 80 377 Payments for the revolving credit facility (325) (300) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external 219 1,037 Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — affiliate 5 — Payments of debt issuance costs (4) (13) Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external (868) (1,170) Payments for long-term debt — affiliate (1) (1) Other (7) 8 Net Cash Used in Financing Activities (1,212) (10) Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash 502 90 Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period 654 465	(Distributions to) contributions from CEG	(16)	103					
Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts(64)—Proceeds from the revolving credit facility80377Payments for the revolving credit facility(325)(300)Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external2191,037Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — affiliate5—Payments of debt issuance costs(4)(13)Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external(868)(1,170)Payments for long-term debt — affiliate(1)(1)Other(7)8Net Cash Used in Financing Activities(1,212)(10)Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash50290Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period654465	Tax-related distributions	(19)	_					
Proceeds from the revolving credit facility80377Payments for the revolving credit facility(325)(300)Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external2191,037Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — affiliate5—Payments of debt issuance costs(4)(13)Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external(868)(1,170)Payments for long-term debt — affiliate(1)(1)Other(7)8Net Cash Used in Financing Activities(1,212)(10)Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash50290Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period654465	Payments of distributions	(214)	(199)					
Payments for the revolving credit facility(325)(300)Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external2191,037Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — affiliate5—Payments of debt issuance costs(4)(13)Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external(868)(1,170)Payments for long-term debt — affiliate(1)(1)Other(7)8Net Cash Used in Financing Activities(1,212)(10)Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash50290Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period654465	Distributions to CEG of escrowed amounts	(64)	_					
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — affiliate Payments of debt issuance costs Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external Payments for long-term debt — external Payments for long-term debt — affiliate Other Net Cash Used in Financing Activities Net Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period 1,037		80	377					
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — affiliate 5 — Payments of debt issuance costs (4) (13) Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external (868) (1,170) Payments for long-term debt — affiliate (1) (1) Other (7) 8 Net Cash Used in Financing Activities (1,212) (10) Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash (502) 90 Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period (554) 465		(325)	(300)					
Payments of debt issuance costs(4)(13)Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external(868)(1,170)Payments for long-term debt — affiliate(1)(1)Other(7)8Net Cash Used in Financing Activities(1,212)(10)Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash50290Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period654465	Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — external	219	1,037					
Payments for short-term and long-term debt — external(868)(1,170)Payments for long-term debt — affiliate(1)(1)Other(7)8Net Cash Used in Financing Activities(1,212)(10)Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash50290Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period654465	Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt — affiliate	5	_					
Payments for long-term debt — affiliate(1)(1)Other(7)8Net Cash Used in Financing Activities(1,212)(10)Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash50290Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period654465								
Other(7)8Net Cash Used in Financing Activities(1,212)(10)Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash50290Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period654465		(868)	(1,170)					
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities(1,212)(10)Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash50290Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period654465	·	(1)	(1)					
Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash50290Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period654465	Other							
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period 654 465	Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(1,212)	(10)					
	Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash	502	90					
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at end of period \$ 1,156 \$ 555	Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at beginning of period	654	465					
	Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at end of period	\$ 1,156	\$ 555					

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF MEMBERS' EQUITY

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022

(Unaudited)

(In millions)	ontributed Capital	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Members' Equity
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$ 1,495	\$ 43	\$ (13)	\$ 1,692	\$ 3,217
Net loss	_	(58)	_	(42)	(100)
Unrealized gain on derivatives and changes in accumulated OCL	_	_	13	3	16
Distributions to CEG, net of contributions, cash	(3)	_	_	_	(3)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions, cash	_	_	_	28	28
Mesquite Sky Drop Down	(7)	_	_	(1)	(8)
Black Rock Drop Down	2	_	_	(1)	1
Mililani I Drop Down	(41)	_	_	11	(30)
Distributions paid to Clearway, Inc.	(40)	_	_	_	(40)
Distributions paid to CEG Class B and Class D unit holders	(5)	(25)	_	_	(30)
Balances at March 31, 2022	1,401	(40)	_	1,690	3,051
Net income (loss)	_	1,382	_	(10)	1,372
Unrealized gain on derivatives and changes in accumulated OCI	_	_	6	1	7
Contributions from (distributions to) CEG, cash	11	_	_	(31)	(20)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests, net of contributions, cash	_	_	_	(10)	(10)
Distributions paid to Clearway, Inc.	(41)	_	_	_	(41)
Distributions paid to CEG Class B and Class D unit holders	(30)	_	_	_	(30)
Balances at June 30, 2022	 1,341	1,342	6	1,640	4,329
Net income (loss)	_	78	_	(6)	72
Unrealized gain on derivatives and changes in accumulated OCI	_	_	12	2	14
(Distributions to) contributions from CEG, non-cash	(17)	_	_	13	(4)
Contributions from (distributions to) CEG, cash	8	_	_	(1)	7
Distributions to noncontrolling interests, net of contributions, cash	_	_	_	(14)	(14)
Capistrano Wind Portfolio Acquisition	4	_	7	_	11
Kawailoa Sale to Clearway Renew LLC	(20)	_	_	(49)	(69)
Tax-related distributions	_	(19)	_	_	(19)
Distributions paid to Clearway, Inc.	_	(42)	_	_	(42)
Distributions paid to CEG Class B and Class D unit holders		(31)			(31)
Balances at September 30, 2022	\$ 1,316	\$ 1,328	\$ 25	\$ 1,585	\$ 4,254

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF MEMBERS' EQUITY

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021

(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Contribute Capital	ed	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Members' Equity
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$ 1,7	23	\$ (50)	\$ (33)	\$ 972	\$ 2,612
Net loss		_	(29)	_	(68)	(97)
Unrealized gain on derivatives and changes in accumulated OCL		_	_	10	3	13
(Distributions to) contributions from CEG, non-cash		(2)	_	_	29	27
Contributions from CEG, cash	1	03	_	_	_	103
Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions, cash		_	_	_	126	126
Agua Caliente acquisition		_	_	_	273	273
Rattlesnake Drop Down	(1	18)	_	_	_	(118)
Distributions paid to Clearway, Inc.	(38)	_	_	_	(38)
Distributions paid to CEG Class B and Class D unit holders	(28)				(28)
Balances at March 31, 2021	1,6	40	(79)	(23)	1,335	2,873
Net income (loss)		_	75	_	(36)	39
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives and changes in accumulated OCL		_	_	1	(2)	(1)
Contributions from CEG, non-cash		3	_	_	_	3
Contributions from noncontrolling interests, net of distributions, cash		_	_	_	38	38
Rattlesnake Drop Down		1	_	_	_	1
Distributions paid to Clearway, Inc.	(38)	_	_	_	(38)
Distributions paid to CEG Class B and Class D unit holders	(28)				(28)
Balances at June 30, 2021	1,5	78	(4)	(22)	1,335	2,887
Net income (loss)		_	38	_	(13)	25
Unrealized gain on derivatives and changes in accumulated OCL		_	_	4	1	5
Contributions from CEG, non-cash		2	_	_	_	2
Distributions to noncontrolling interests, net of contributions, cash		_	_	_	(11)	(11)
Distributions paid to Clearway, Inc.	(39)	_	_	_	(39)
Distributions paid to CEG Class B and Class D unit holders	(26)	(2)			(28)
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$ 1,5	15	\$ 32	\$ (18)	\$ 1,312	\$ 2,841

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Note 1 — Nature of Business

Clearway Energy LLC, together with its consolidated subsidiaries, or the Company, is an energy infrastructure investor in and owner of modern, sustainable and long-term contracted assets across North America. The Company is sponsored by GIP and TotalEnergies through the portfolio company, Clearway Energy Group LLC, or CEG, which became equally owned by GIP and TotalEnergies as of September 12, 2022, when TotalEnergies acquired, through its investment in an intermediate holding company, 50% of GIP's interest in CEG. GIP is an independent infrastructure fund manager that makes equity and debt investments in infrastructure assets and businesses. TotalEnergies is a global multi-energy company.

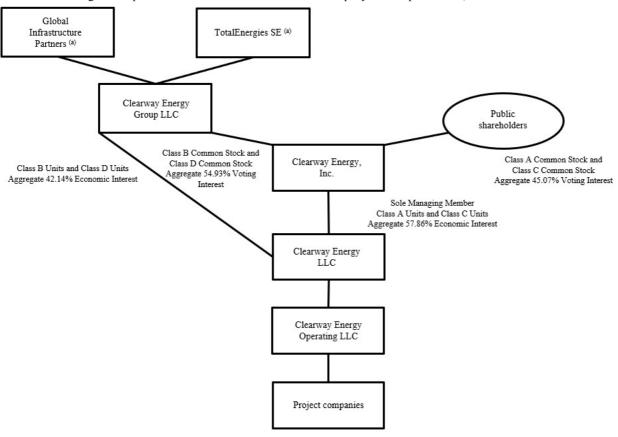
The Company is one of the largest renewable energy owners in the U.S. with over 5,500 net MW of installed wind and solar generation projects. The Company's over 8,000 net MW of assets also includes approximately 2,500 net MW of environmentally-sound, highly efficient natural gas-fired generation facilities. Through this environmentally-sound, diversified and primarily contracted portfolio, the Company endeavors to increase distributions to its unit holders. Substantially all of the Company's generation assets are under long-term contractual arrangements for the output or capacity from these assets.

On May 1, 2022, the Company completed the sale of 100% of its interests in the Thermal Business to KKR. For further details of the Thermal Disposition, refer to Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*.

Clearway Energy, Inc., or Clearway, Inc., consolidates the results of the Company through its controlling interest, with CEG's interest shown as contributed capital in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The holders of Clearway, Inc.'s outstanding shares of Class A and Class C common stock are entitled to dividends as declared. CEG receives its distributions from the Company through its ownership of the Company's Class B and Class D units.

As of September 30, 2022, Clearway, Inc. owned 57.86% of the economic interests of the Company, with CEG owning 42.14% of the economic interests of the Company.

The following table represents a summarized structure of the Company as of September 30, 2022:



⁽a) GIP and TotalEnergies each own 50% of CEG through an intermediate holding company.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the SEC's regulations for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The following notes should be read in conjunction with the accounting policies and other disclosures as set forth in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements contain all material adjustments consisting of normal and recurring accruals necessary to present fairly the Company's consolidated financial position as of September 30, 2022, and results of operations, comprehensive income and cash flows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Note 2 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions impact the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. They also impact the reported amounts of net earnings during the reporting periods. Actual results could be different from these estimates.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase. Cash and cash equivalents held at project subsidiaries was \$168 million and \$146 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the consolidated balance sheets that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows:

	Septe	mber 30, 2022	Dece	ember 31, 2021
		·		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	793	\$	179
Restricted cash		363		475
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows	\$	1,156	\$	654

Restricted cash consists primarily of funds held to satisfy the requirements of certain debt agreements and funds held within the Company's projects that are restricted in their use. As of September 30, 2022, these restricted funds were comprised of \$144 million designated to fund operating expenses, \$66 million designated for current debt service payments and \$124 million restricted for reserves including debt service, performance obligations and other reserves as well as capital expenditures. The remaining \$29 million is held in distributions reserve accounts.

In 2020, the members of the partnerships holding the Oahu Solar and Kawailoa Solar projects submitted applications to the state of Hawaii for refundable tax credits based on the cost of construction of the projects. In 2021, the members of the partnerships contributed their respective portions of the tax credits in the amount of \$27 million to the Oahu Solar and \$22 million to the Kawailoa Solar project companies, which were recorded to restricted cash on the Company's consolidated balance sheet with an offsetting adjustment to noncontrolling interests. In accordance with the projects' related agreements, the cash is held in a restricted account and utilized to offset invoiced amounts under the projects' PPAs. On August 1, 2022, the Company sold its Class A interests in the Kawailoa Partnership, which consolidates the Kawailoa Solar project, to Clearway Renew LLC, as further described in Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*, resulting in the removal of \$7 million that remained in restricted cash at the time of sale. As of September 30, 2022, \$22 million of the \$27 million previously contributed to the Oahu Solar projects has been utilized to offset invoiced amounts under the projects' PPAs.

Accumulated Depreciation and Accumulated Amortization

The following table presents the accumulated depreciation included in property, plant and equipment, net, and accumulated amortization included in intangible assets, net as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

	Sep	tember 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
		(In mi	illions)
Property, Plant and Equipment Accumulated Depreciation	\$	3,124	\$ 2,501
Intangible Assets Accumulated Amortization		728	605

Distributions

The following table lists distributions paid on the Company's Class A, B, C and D units during the nine months ended September 30, 2022:

	Third Quarter 2022		Second (Quarter 2022	First Qu	arter 2022
Distributions per Class A, B, C and D unit	\$	0.3604	\$	0.3536	\$	0.3468

On November 2, 2022, the Company declared a distribution on its Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D units of \$0.3672 per unit payable on December 15, 2022 to unit holders of record as of December 1, 2022.

In addition to the quarterly distributions, the Company paid \$19 million in additional distributions, \$11 million of which was distributed to Clearway, Inc. and \$8 million of which was distributed to CEG, during the third quarter of 2022 in order for Clearway, Inc. to make certain tax payments associated with the sale of the Thermal Business.

Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

To the extent that a third party has the right to redeem their interests for cash or other assets, the Company has included the noncontrolling interest attributable to the third party as a component of temporary equity in the mezzanine section of the consolidated balance sheet. The following table reflects the changes in the Company's redeemable noncontrolling interest balance for the nine months ended September 30, 2022:

	 (In millions)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$ _
Cash distributions to redeemable noncontrolling interests	(2)
Comprehensive income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	9
Balances at September 30, 2022	\$ 7

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company applies the guidance in ASC 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, or Topic 606, when recognizing revenue associated with its contracts with customers. The Company's policies with respect to its various revenue streams are detailed below. In general, the Company applies the invoicing practical expedient to recognize revenue for the revenue streams detailed below, except in circumstances where the invoiced amount does not represent the value transferred to the customer.

Power Purchase Agreements, or PPAs

The majority of the Company's revenues are obtained through PPAs or similar contractual agreements. Energy, capacity and where applicable, renewable attributes, from the majority of the Company's renewable energy assets and certain conventional energy plants is sold through long-term PPAs and tolling agreements to a single counterparty, which is often a utility or commercial customer. The majority of these PPAs are accounted for as operating leases as the Company retained its historical lease assessments and classification upon adoption of ASC 842, *Leases*. ASC 842 requires the minimum lease payments received to be amortized over the term of the lease and contingent rentals are recorded when the achievement of the contingency becomes probable. Judgment is required by management in determining the economic life of each generating facility, in evaluating whether certain lease provisions constitute minimum payments or represent contingent rent and other factors in determining whether a contract contains a lease and whether the lease is an operating lease or capital lease. Certain of these PPAs have no minimum lease payments and all of the lease revenue under these PPAs is recorded as contingent rent on an actual basis when the electricity is delivered.

Renewable Energy Credits, or RECs

Renewable energy credits, or RECs, are usually sold through long-term PPAs or through REC contracts with counterparties. Revenue from the sale of self-generated RECs is recognized when the related energy is generated and simultaneously delivered even in cases where there is a certification lag as it has been deemed to be perfunctory.

In a bundled contract to sell energy, capacity and/or self-generated RECs, all performance obligations are deemed to be delivered at the same time and hence, timing of recognition of revenue for all performance obligations is the same and occurs over time. In such cases, it is often unnecessary to allocate transaction price to multiple performance obligations.

Thermal Revenues

Steam and chilled water revenue is recognized as the Company transfers the product to the customer, based on customer usage as determined by meter readings taken at month-end. Some locations read customer meters throughout the month and recognize estimated revenue for the period between meter read date and month-end. For thermal contracts, the Company's performance obligation to deliver steam and chilled water is satisfied over time and revenue is recognized based on the invoiced amount. The Thermal Business subsidiaries collect, and remit state and local taxes associated with sales to their customers, as required by governmental authorities. These taxes are presented on a net basis in the consolidated statements of income.

As contracts for steam and chilled water are long-term contracts, the Company has performance obligations under these contracts that have not yet been satisfied. These performance obligations have transaction prices that are both fixed and variable, and that vary based on the contract duration, customer type, inception date and other contract-specific factors. For the fixed price contracts, the Company cannot accurately estimate the amount of its unsatisfied performance obligations as it will vary based on customer usage, which will depend on factors such as weather and customer activity.

On May 1, 2022, the Company completed the sale of 100% of its interests in the Thermal Business to KKR. For further details of the Thermal Disposition, refer to Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*.

Disaggregated Revenues

The following tables represent the Company's disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers along with the reportable segment for each category for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively:

		Three months ended September 30, 2022											
(In millions)	Convent Genera		Renewables	Total									
Energy revenue (a)	\$	2	\$ 272	\$ 274									
Capacity revenue (a)		106	1	107									
Contract amortization		(6)	(36)	(42)									
Other revenues		_	18	18									
Mark-to-market for economic hedges		_	(17)	(17)									
Total operating revenues		102	238	340									
Less: Mark-to-market for economic hedges		_	17	17									
Less: Lease revenue		(108)	(226)	(334)									
Less: Contract amortization		6	36	42									
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$		\$ 65	\$ 65									

^(a) The following amounts of energy and capacity revenue relate to leases and are accounted for under ASC 842:

(In millions)	Conventional Generation	Renewables	Total
Energy revenue	\$ 2	\$ 226	\$ 228
Capacity revenue	106	_	106
Total	\$ 108	\$ 226	\$ 334

	Three months ended September 30, 2021												
(In millions)		Conventional Generation	Renewables			Thermal		Total					
Energy revenue (a)	\$	3	\$	231	\$	33	\$	267					
Capacity revenue (a)		120		1		12		133					
Contract amortization		(5)		(32)		(1)		(38)					
Other revenues		_		14		10		24					
Mark-to-market for economic hedges		_		(35)		_		(35)					
Total operating revenues		118		179		54		351					
Less: Mark-to-market for economic hedges		_		35		_		35					
Less: Lease revenue		(123)		(198)		(1)		(322)					
Less: Contract amortization		5		32		1		38					
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$		\$	48	\$	54	\$	102					

⁽a) The following amounts of energy and capacity revenue relate to leases and are accounted for under ASC 842:

(In millions)	Conventional Generation		Renewables	Thermal	Total
Energy revenue	\$	3 \$	198	\$ 1	\$ 202
Capacity revenue	12	0	_	_	120
Total	\$ 12		198	\$ 1	\$ 322

Nine months ended September 30, 2022

(In millions)	Conventional Generation	Renewables	Thermal	Total
Energy revenue (a)	\$ 5	\$ 773	\$ 48	\$ 826
Capacity revenue (a)	326	2	18	346
Contract amortization	(18)	(107)	_	(125)
Other revenues	_	59	11	70
Mark-to-market for economic hedges	_	(195)	_	(195)
Total operating revenues	313	532	77	922
Less: Mark-to-market for economic hedges	_	195	_	195
Less: Lease revenue	(331)	(656)	(1)	(988)
Less: Contract amortization	18	107	_	125
Total revenue from contracts with customers	<u>\$</u>	\$ 178	\$ 76	\$ 254

^(a) The following amounts of energy and capacity revenue relate to leases and are accounted for under ASC 842:

(In millions)	Conventional Generation			Renewables	Thermal			Total		
Energy revenue	\$	5	\$	656	\$	1	\$	662		
Capacity revenue		326		_		_		326		
Total	\$	331	\$	656	\$	1	\$	988		

	Nine months ended September 30, 2021												
(<u>In millions)</u>	 Conventional Generation		Renewables	Thermal			Total						
Energy revenue (a)	\$ 6	\$	618	\$	91	\$	715						
Capacity revenue (a)	340		1		40		381						
Contract amortization	(17)		(87)		(3)		(107)						
Other revenues	<u> </u>		45		24		69						
Mark-to-market for economic hedges	_		(90)		_		(90)						
Total operating revenues	329		487		152		968						
Less: Mark-to-market for economic hedges	_		90		_		90						
Less: Lease revenue	(346)		(571)		(2)		(919)						
Less: Contract amortization	17		87		3		107						
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 	\$	93	\$	153	\$	246						

⁽a) The following amounts of energy and capacity revenue relate to leases and are accounted for under ASC 842:

(In millions)	Conventional Generation	Renewables	Thermal	Total
Energy revenue	\$ 6	\$ 571	\$ 2	\$ 579
Capacity revenue	340	_	_	340
Total	\$ 346	\$ 571	\$ 2	\$ 919

Contract Amortization

Assets and liabilities recognized from power sales agreements assumed through acquisitions relating to the sale of electric capacity and energy in future periods arising from differences in contract and market prices are amortized to revenue over the term of each underlying contract based on actual generation and/or contracted volumes or on a straight-line basis, where applicable.

Contract Balances

The following table reflects the contract assets and liabilities included on the Company's consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

	 September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021					
	(In millions)						
Accounts receivable, net - Contracts with customers	\$ 47	\$ 44					
Accounts receivable, net - Leases	153	100					
Total accounts receivable, net	\$ 200	\$ 144					

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting. The amendments provide for optional expedients and exceptions for applying GAAP to contracts, hedging relationships and other transactions affected by reference rate reform if certain criteria are met. These amendments apply only to contracts that reference LIBOR or another reference rate expected to be discontinued because of reference rate reform, which affects certain of the Company's debt and interest rate swap agreements. The guidance is effective for all entities as of March 12, 2020 through December 31, 2022. As of September 30, 2022, the Company has applied the amendments to all of its eligible contract modifications, where applicable, during the reference rate reform period. Additionally, the Company has not elected any optional expedients provided in the standard.

Note 3 — Acquisitions and Dispositions

Acquisitions

Waiawa Drop Down — On October 3, 2022, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC, acquired Waiawa BL Borrower Holdco LLC, the indirect owner of the Waiawa solar project, a 36 MW solar project with matching storage capacity that is currently under construction and located in Honolulu, Hawaii, from Clearway Renew LLC, a subsidiary of CEG, for cash consideration of \$20 million. Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC is a partnership between the Company and a third-party investor. The third-party investor also contributed cash consideration of \$12 million, which was utilized to acquire their portion of the acquired entity. Waiawa BL Borrower Holdco LLC consolidates, as the direct owner of the primary beneficiary, a tax equity fund, Waiawa TE Holdco LLC, which directly holds the Waiawa solar project. Waiawa has a 20-year PPA with an investment-grade utility that commences when the project reaches commercial operations, as defined in the PPA. The acquisition was funded with existing sources of liquidity.

Capistrano Wind Portfolio Acquisition — On August 22, 2022, the Company, through its wholly-owned indirect subsidiary, Capistrano Portfolio Holdco LLC, acquired the Capistrano Wind Portfolio from Capistrano Wind Partners LLC, an indirect subsidiary of CEG, for a base purchase price of approximately \$255 million, less working capital adjustments in the net amount of approximately \$16 million, representing total net consideration of approximately \$239 million. Concurrent with the acquisition, the Company also entered into a development agreement with Clearway Renew LLC, whereby Clearway Renew LLC paid \$10 million to the Company at acquisition date for an exclusive right to develop, construct and repower the projects in the Capistrano Wind Portfolio, which was utilized to partially fund the acquisition of the Capistrano Wind Portfolio. The Capistrano Wind Portfolio consists of five wind projects located in Texas, Nebraska and Wyoming with a combined capacity of 413 MW that reached commercial operations between 2008 and 2012. The assets within the portfolio sell power under PPAs with investment-grade counterparties that have a weighted average remaining contract duration of approximately 10 years. The Capistrano Wind Portfolio operations are reflected in the Company's Renewables segment and the acquisition was funded with existing sources of liquidity. The acquisition was determined to be an asset acquisition and the Company consolidates the Capistrano Wind Portfolio on a prospective basis in its financial statements. The assets and liabilities transferred to the Company relate to interests under common control by GIP and were transferred at historical cost in accordance with ASC 805-50, Business Combinations - Related Issues, which reflects GIP's basis. The difference between the historical cost of the Company's net assets acquired of \$250 million, less the sum of the cash paid of \$239 million and the \$7 million in accumulated other comprehensive income transferred to the Company, was recorded as an adjustment to

The following is a summary of assets and liabilities transferred in connection with the acquisition as of August 22, 2022:

(In millions)	Capistrano	Wind Portfolio
Other current and non-current assets (a)	\$	39
Property, plant and equipment, net		147
Intangible assets for power purchase agreements		237
Right-of-use-assets, net		27
Total assets acquired		450
Long-term debt		162
Long-term lease liabilities		28
Other current and non-current liabilities		10
Total liabilities assumed		200
Net assets acquired	\$	250

⁽a) Includes cash of \$12 million and restricted cash of \$4 million.

Mililani I Drop Down — On March 25, 2022, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC, acquired Mililani BL Borrower Holdco LLC, the indirect owner of the Mililani I solar project, a 39 MW solar project with matching storage capacity located in Honolulu, Hawaii, from Clearway Renew LLC for cash consideration of \$22 million. Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC is a partnership between the Company and a third-party investor. The third-party investor also contributed cash consideration of \$14 million utilized to acquire their portion of the acquired entity. Mililani BL Borrower Holdco LLC consolidates, as the direct owner of the primary beneficiary, a tax equity fund, Mililani TE Holdco LLC, which directly holds the Mililani I solar project, as further described in Note 4, Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities. Mililani I has a 20-year PPA with an investment-grade utility that commenced in July 2022. The Mililani I operations are reflected in the Company's Renewables segment and the acquisition was funded with existing sources of liquidity. The acquisition was determined to be an asset acquisition and the Company consolidates Mililani I on a prospective basis in its financial statements. The assets and liabilities transferred to the Company relate to interests under common control by GIP and were recorded at historical cost in accordance with ASC 805-50, Business Combinations - Related Issues. The sum of the cash paid of \$22 million and the historical cost of the Company's net liabilities assumed of \$8 million was recorded as an adjustment to CEG's contributed capital balance. In addition, the Company reflected \$15 million of the Company's purchase price, which was contributed back by CEG to pay down the acquired long-term debt, as distributions to CEG, net of contributions, in the consolidated statement of members' equity.

The following is a summary of assets and liabilities transferred in connection with the acquisition as of March 25, 2022:

(In millions)	Mililani I			
Other current and non-current assets	\$	2		
Property, plant and equipment		118		
Right-of-use-assets		19		
Total assets acquired		139		
Long-term debt (a)		100		
Long-term lease liabilities		20		
Other current and non-current liabilities		27		
Total liabilities assumed		147		
Net liabilities assumed	\$	(8)		

⁽a) Includes a \$16 million construction loan, \$27 million sponsor equity bridge loan and \$60 million tax equity bridge loan, offset by \$3 million in unamortized debt issuance costs. The sponsor equity bridge loan was repaid at acquisition date utilizing \$14 million from the cash equity investor, as well as \$15 million of the Company's purchase price, which was contributed back to the Company by CEG, of which \$27 million was utilized to pay down the acquired long-term debt and \$2 million was utilized to pay associated fees. Also at acquisition date, the tax equity investor contributed \$18 million into escrow, which was included in restricted cash on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. The tax equity investor will contribute an additional \$42 million when the project reaches substantial completion, which will be utilized, along with the \$18 million in escrow, to repay the \$60 million tax equity bridge loan. The project is expected to reach substantial completion in the fourth quarter of 2022.

Dispositions

Kawailoa Sale — On August 1, 2022, the Company sold 100% of its Class A interests in the Kawailoa Partnership to Clearway Renew LLC, a subsidiary of CEG, for cash proceeds of \$9 million, which equals the Company's initial investment. The Kawailoa Partnership is a partnership that consolidates, through its 51% controlling majority interest, a lower-level partnership that is 49% owned by a third-party investor, and which consolidates the Kawailoa solar project through its ownership of a controlling interest in the tax equity fund that holds the project. The assets and liabilities transferred to Clearway Renew LLC relate to interests under common control by GIP and were transferred at historical cost in accordance with ASC 805-50, *Business Combinations - Related Issues*. This resulted in the Company removing \$69 million from members' equity, inclusive of the noncontrolling interest related to the Kawailoa Partnership at the time of sale. Noncontrolling interests prior to the sale include the interests of the third-party investor, tax equity investor and Clearway Renew LLC.

Thermal Disposition — On May 1, 2022, the Company completed the sale of 100% of its interests in the Thermal Business to KKR for net proceeds of approximately \$1.46 billion, inclusive of working capital adjustments, which excludes approximately \$18 million in transaction expenses that were incurred in connection with the disposition. The Thermal Disposition resulted in a gain on sale of business of approximately \$1.29 billion, which is net of the \$18 million in transaction expenses referenced above. The proceeds from the sale were utilized to repay certain borrowings outstanding as further described in Note 7, Long-term Debt, with the remaining proceeds invested in short-term investments classified as cash and cash equivalents on the Company's consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2022. Effective with the approval by the Board of Directors and signing of the agreement to sell the Thermal Business on October 22, 2021, the Company concluded that all entities that are included within the Thermal Business would be treated as held for sale on a prospective basis, thus the assets and liabilities were reported as separate held for sale line items on the Company's consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2021. As of December 31, 2021, property, plant and equipment represented 78% and intangible assets represented 9% of assets classified as held for sale while long-term debt represented 85% of liabilities classified as held for sale. The Company's Thermal segment is comprised solely of the Thermal Business's results of operations.

Note 4 — Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities Entities that are Consolidated

The Company has a controlling financial interest in certain entities which have been identified as VIEs under ASC 810, *Consolidations*, or ASC 810. These arrangements are primarily related to tax equity arrangements entered into with third parties in order to monetize certain tax credits associated with wind and solar facilities, as further described under Item 15 — Note 5, *Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities*, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K.

Summarized financial information for the Company's consolidated VIEs consisted of the following as of September 30, 2022:

(In millions)	Alta Tl	E Holdco	Buckthorn lewables, LLC	DGPV Funds ^(a)	Langford TE artnership LLC	Rer	LLC (b)	Ligh H	hthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC ^(c)
Other current and non-current assets	\$	54	\$ 4	\$ 95	\$ 17	\$	105	\$	48
Property, plant and equipment		312	196	577	127		714		364
Intangible assets		203	_	14	2		_		_
Total assets		569	200	686	146		819		412
Current and non-current liabilities		38	11	76	55		310		132
Total liabilities		38	11	76	55		310		132
Noncontrolling interest		35	33	14	63		422		239
Net assets less noncontrolling interests	\$	496	\$ 156	\$ 596	\$ 28	\$	87	\$	41

⁽a) DGPV Funds is comprised of DGPV Fund 2 LLC, Clearway & EFS Distributed Solar LLC, DGPV Fund 4 LLC, Golden Puma Fund LLC, Renew Solar CS4 Fund LLC and Chestnut Fund LLC.

⁽b) Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC consolidates Mesquite Star Tax Equity Holdco LLC, Black Rock TE Holdco LLC and Mililani TE Holdco LLC, which are also consolidated VIEs.

⁽c) Lighthouse Renewable Holdco 2 LLC consolidates Mesquite Sky TE Holdco LLC, which is also a consolidated VIE.

(In millions)	Partnership	Partnership LLC	Holdco LLC]	Rosie TargetCo LLC	W	Vildorado TE Holdco	Other (a)
Other current and non-current assets	\$ 56	\$ 8	\$ 14	\$	5 45	\$	22	\$ 17
Property, plant and equipment	166	104	187		241		213	159
Intangible assets	<u> </u>	 17	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1
Total assets	222	129	201		286		235	177
Current and non-current liabilities	104	5	17		103		19	73
Total liabilities	104	5	 17		103		19	73
Noncontrolling interest	26	49	93		138		114	74
Net assets less noncontrolling interests	\$ 92	\$ 75	\$ 91	\$	\$ 45	\$	102	\$ 30

⁽a) Other is comprised of Crosswind Transmission, LLC, Hardin Hilltop Wind LLC, Elbow Creek TE Holdco and Spring Canyon TE Holdco projects.

The discussion below describes material changes to VIEs during the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Kawailoa Partnership — As described in Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*, on August 1, 2022, the Company sold 100% of its Class A interests in the Kawailoa Partnership to Clearway Renew LLC, a subsidiary of CEG.

Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC — As described in Note 3, Acquisitions and Dispositions, on March 25, 2022, Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC acquired the Class B interests in a partnership, Mililani BL Borrower Holdco LLC, which consolidates, as the direct owner of the primary beneficiary, a tax equity fund, Mililani TE Holdco LLC, that holds the Mililani I solar project. The tax equity investor's interest is shown as noncontrolling interest and the HLBV method is utilized to allocate the income or losses of Mililani TE Holdco LLC. The third-party investor in Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC also acquired and contributed an interest in Mililani BL Borrower Holdco LLC to Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC. The Company recorded the related noncontrolling interest at historical carrying amount, with the offset to contributed capital.

Entities that are not Consolidated

The Company has interests in entities that are considered VIEs under ASC 810, but for which it is not considered the primary beneficiary. The Company accounts for its interests in these entities and entities in which it has a significant investment under the equity method of accounting, as further described under Item 15 — Note 5, *Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities*, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K.

The Company's maximum exposure to loss as of September 30, 2022 is limited to its equity investment in the unconsolidated entities, as further summarized in the table below:

Name	Economic Interest	Investment	Balance
		(In milli	ions)
Avenal	50%	\$	9
Desert Sunlight	25%		246
Elkhorn Ridge	67%		23
GenConn (a)	50%		82
San Juan Mesa	75%		17
		\$	377

⁽a) GenConn is a variable interest entity.

Note 5 — Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair Value Accounting under ASC 820

ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1—quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access as of the
 measurement date.
- Level 2—inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are directly observable for the asset or liability or indirectly observable through corroboration with observable market data.
- Level 3—unobservable inputs for the asset or liability only used when there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date.

In accordance with ASC 820, the Company determines the level in the fair value hierarchy within which each fair value measurement in its entirety falls, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable — trade, accounts payable — trade, accounts payable — affiliates and accrued expenses and other current liabilities, the carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short-term maturity of those instruments and are classified as Level 1 within the fair value hierarchy.

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's recorded financial instruments not carried at fair market value or that do not approximate fair value are as follows:

		As of Septer	nber	30, 2022		As of December 31, 2021			
	Carrying Amount			Fair Value	Carrying Amount			Fair Value	
(In millions)									
Long-term debt, including current portion — affiliate	\$	5	\$	5	\$	1	\$	1	
Long-term debt, including current portion — external (a)		7,077		6,297		7,782		7,997	

⁽a) Excludes net debt issuance costs, which are recorded as a reduction to long-term debt on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

The fair value of the Company's publicly-traded long-term debt is based on quoted market prices and is classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of debt securities, non-publicly traded long-term debt and certain notes receivable of the Company are based on expected future cash flows discounted at market interest rates, or current interest rates for similar instruments with equivalent credit quality and are classified as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy. The following table presents the level within the fair value hierarchy for long-term debt, including current portion as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

	As of Septer	nber 30,	2022		As of December 31, 2021			
	 Level 2	I	Level 3		Level 2		Level 3	
			(In m	illions)				
Long-term debt, including current portion	\$ 1,757	\$	4,545	\$	2,160	\$	5,838	

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The Company records its derivative assets and liabilities at fair market value on its consolidated balance sheet. The following table presents assets and liabilities measured and recorded at fair value on the Company's consolidated balance sheets on a recurring basis and their level within the fair value hierarchy:

		As of Septer	nber 3	As of December 31, 2021					
		Fair V	/alue ((a)	Fair Value (a)				
(In millions)	Level			Level 3	Level 2			Level 3	
Derivative assets:									
Interest rate contracts	\$	94	\$	_	\$	6	\$	_	
Other financial instruments (b)		_		21		_		25	
Total assets	\$	94	\$	21	\$	6	\$	25	
Derivative liabilities:				_					
Commodity contracts	\$	_	\$	370	\$	_	\$	179	
Interest rate contracts		_		_		63		_	
Total liabilities	\$	_	\$	370	\$	63	\$	179	

⁽a) There were no derivative assets classified as Level 1 or Level 3 and no liabilities classified as Level 1 as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balances for instruments that are recognized at fair value in the consolidated financial statements using significant unobservable inputs:

	TI	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months end	led September 30,	
		2022	20)21		2022		2021
(In millions)	Fair V	/alue Measuren Unobservable			Fair	Value Measuren Unobservable l		
Beginning balance	\$	(332)	\$	(79)	\$	(154)	\$	(15)
Settlements		14		3		42		1
Additions due to loss of NPNS exception		_		_		(22)		_
Total losses for the period included in earnings		(31)		(37)		(215)		(90)
Purchases		_		_		_		(9)
Ending balance	\$	(349)	\$	(113)	\$	(349)	\$	(113)
Change in unrealized losses included in earnings for derivatives and other financial instruments held as of September 30, 2022	\$	(31)			\$	(215)		

Derivative and Financial Instruments Fair Value Measurements

The Company's contracts are non-exchange-traded and valued using prices provided by external sources. The Company uses quoted observable forward prices to value its energy contracts. To the extent that observable forward prices are not available, the quoted prices reflect the average of the forward prices from the prior year, adjusted for inflation. As of September 30, 2022, contracts valued with prices provided by models and other valuation techniques make up 100% of derivative liabilities and other financial instruments.

The Company's significant positions classified as Level 3 include physical commodity contracts executed in illiquid markets. The significant unobservable inputs used in developing fair value include illiquid power tenors and location pricing, which is derived by extrapolating pricing as a basis to liquid locations. The tenor pricing and basis spread are based on observable market data when available or derived from historic prices and forward market prices from similar observable markets when not available.

⁽b) SREC contract.

The following table quantifies the significant unobservable inputs used in developing the fair value of the Company's Level 3 positions as of September 30, 2022:

				September 30, 2022			
		Fair Value			I	nput/Range	
	Assets	Liabilities	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Input	Low	High	Weighted Average
	(In millions)			-			
Commodity Contracts	\$ - \$	370	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward Market Price (per MWh) \$	23.33 \$	129.06 \$	41.69
Other Financial Instruments	21	_	Discounted Cash Flow	Forecast annual generation levels of certain DG solar facilities	58,539 MWh	117,078 MWh	114,223 MWh

The following table provides the impact on the fair value measurements to increases/(decreases) in significant unobservable inputs as of September 30, 2022:

Significant Unobservable Input	Position	Change In Input	Impact on Fair Value Measurement
Forward Market Price Power	Sell	Increase/(Decrease)	Lower/(Higher)
Forecast Generation Levels	Sel1	Increase/(Decrease)	Higher/(Lower)

The fair value of each contract is discounted using a risk-free interest rate. In addition, a credit reserve is applied to reflect credit risk, which is, for interest rate swaps, calculated based on credit default swaps using the bilateral method. For commodities, to the extent that the Net Exposure under a specific master agreement is an asset, the Company uses the counterparty's default swap rate. If the Net Exposure under a specific master agreement is a liability, the Company uses a proxy of its own default swap rate. For interest rate swaps and commodities, the credit reserve is added to the discounted fair value to reflect the exit price that a market participant would be willing to receive to assume the liabilities or that a market participant would be willing to pay for the assets. As of September 30, 2022, the non-performance reserve was a \$48 million gain recorded primarily to total operating revenues in the consolidated statement of income. It is possible that future market prices could vary from those used in recording assets and liabilities and such variations could be material.

Concentration of Credit Risk

In addition to the credit risk discussion as disclosed under Item 15 — Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K, the following item is a discussion of the concentration of credit risk for the Company's financial instruments. Credit risk relates to the risk of loss resulting from non-performance or non-payment by counterparties pursuant to the terms of their contractual obligations. The Company monitors and manages credit risk through credit policies that include: (i) an established credit approval process; (ii) monitoring of counterparties' credit limits on an as needed basis; (iii) as applicable, the use of credit mitigation measures such as margin, collateral, prepayment arrangements, or volumetric limits; (iv) the use of payment netting agreements; and (v) the use of master netting agreements that allow for the netting of positive and negative exposures of various contracts associated with a single counterparty. Risks surrounding counterparty performance and credit could ultimately impact the amount and timing of expected cash flows. The Company seeks to mitigate counterparty risk by having a diversified portfolio of counterparties.

Counterparty credit exposure includes credit risk exposure under certain long-term agreements, including solar and other PPAs. As external sources or observable market quotes are not available to estimate such exposure, the Company estimates the exposure related to these contracts based on various techniques including, but not limited to, internal models based on a fundamental analysis of the market and extrapolation of observable market data with similar characteristics. A significant portion of these commodity contracts are with utilities with strong credit quality and public utility commission or other regulatory support. However, such regulated utility counterparties can be impacted by changes in government regulations or adverse financial conditions, which the Company is unable to predict. Certain subsidiaries of the Company sell the output of their facilities to PG&E, a significant counterparty of the Company, under long-term PPAs, and PG&E's credit rating is below investment-grade.

Note 6 — Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

This footnote should be read in conjunction with the complete description under Item 15 — Note 7, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K.

Interest Rate Swaps

The Company enters into interest rate swap agreements in order to hedge the variability of expected future cash interest payments. As of September 30, 2022, the Company had interest rate derivative instruments on non-recourse debt extending through 2031, a portion of which were designated as cash flow hedges. Under the interest rate swap agreements, the Company pays a fixed rate and the counterparties to the agreements pay a variable interest rate.

Energy-Related Commodities

As of September 30, 2022, the Company had energy-related derivative instruments extending through 2033. At September 30, 2022, these contracts were not designated as cash flow or fair value hedges.

Volumetric Underlying Derivative Transactions

The following table summarizes the net notional volume buy/(sell) of the Company's open derivative transactions broken out by commodity as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

Total Valuma

		Total volume				
		September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021			
Commodity	<u>Units</u>	(In m	illions)			
Natural Gas	MMBtu	_	2			
Power	MWh	(18)	(17)			
Interest	Dollars	\$ 1,217	\$ 1,326			

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

The following table summarizes the fair value within the derivative instrument valuation on the consolidated balance sheets:

	Fair Value										
		Derivati	ve A	ssets		Derivative	ities				
	Sept	September 30, 2022 December 31, 2021				September 30, 2022	D	ecember 31, 2021			
				(In m	illio	ns)					
Derivatives Designated as Cash Flow Hedges:											
Interest rate contracts current	\$	8	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5			
Interest rate contracts long-term		21		2		_		3			
Total Derivatives Designated as Cash Flow Hedges	\$	29	\$	2	\$	_	\$	8			
Derivatives Not Designated as Cash Flow Hedges:											
Interest rate contracts current	\$	15	\$	_	\$	_	\$	17			
Interest rate contracts long-term		50		4		_		38			
Commodity contracts current		_		_		79		24			
Commodity contracts long-term		_		_		291		155			
Total Derivatives Not Designated as Cash Flow Hedges	\$	65	\$	4	\$	370	\$	234			
Total Derivatives	\$	94	\$	6	\$	370	\$	242			
			_		_		_				

The Company has elected to present derivative assets and liabilities on the balance sheet on a trade-by-trade basis and does not offset amounts at the counterparty level. As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there was no outstanding collateral paid or received. The following tables summarize the offsetting of derivatives by counterparty:

		ositio	on .		
As of September 30, 2022		ınts of Recognized s/Liabilities	Derivative Instruments		Net Amount
Commodity contracts			(In millions)		
Derivative liabilities	\$	(370)	\$ -	\$	(370)
Total commodity contracts	\$	(370)	\$ _	\$	(370)
Interest rate contracts					
Derivative assets	\$	94	\$ <u> </u>	\$	94
Total interest rate contracts	\$	94	\$ _	\$	94
Total derivative instruments	\$	(276)	\$ 	\$	(276)

	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Financial Position											
As of December 31, 2021	Gross	Amounts of Recognized Assets/Liabilities		Derivative Instruments		Net Amount						
Commodity contracts				(In millions)								
Derivative liabilities	\$	(179)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(179)						
Total commodity contracts	\$	(179)	\$	_	\$	(179)						
Interest rate contracts:												
Derivative assets	\$	6	\$	(5)	\$	1						
Derivative liabilities		(63)		5		(58)						
Total interest rate contracts	\$	(57)	\$	_	\$	(57)						
Total derivative instruments	\$	(236)	\$	_	\$	(236)						

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table summarizes the effects on the Company's accumulated OCI (OCL) balance attributable to interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedge derivatives:

	Three months ended September 30,					Nine months ended September 30,			
	2	2022		2021	2022			2021	
				(In mi	llions)				
Accumulated OCI (OCL) beginning balance	\$	10	\$	(22)	\$	(13)	\$	(35)	
Reclassified from accumulated OCI (OCL) to income due to realization of previously deferred amounts		2		3		7		9	
Capistrano Wind Portfolio Acquisition		7		_		7		_	
Mark-to-market of cash flow hedge accounting contracts		12		1		30		8	
Accumulated OCI (OCL) ending balance		31		(18)		31		(18)	
Accumulated OCI attributable to noncontrolling interests	'	6				6			
Accumulated OCI (OCL) attributable to Clearway Energy LLC	\$	25	\$	(18)	\$	25	\$	(18)	
Gains expected to be realized from OCI during the next 12 months	\$	6			\$	6			

Amounts reclassified from accumulated OCI (OCL) into income are recorded to interest expense.

Impact of Derivative Instruments on the Consolidated Statements of Income

Mark-to-market gains and losses related to the Company's derivatives are recorded in the consolidated statements of income as follows:

	Three m	onths ended Sep	tember 30,	Nine months ended September 30,				
	2022		2021	2022	2021			
			(In millio	ns)				
Interest Rate Contracts (Interest expense)	\$	33 \$	6 \$	110	\$ 42			
Commodity Contracts (Mark-to-market for economic hedging activities) (a))	(17)	(36)	(191)	(86)			

⁽a) Relates to long-term commodity contracts at Elbow Creek Wind Project LLC, or Elbow Creek, Mesquite Star, Mt. Storm, Langford and Mesquite Sky and gains or losses are recognized in operating revenues. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the commodity contract for Langford, which previously met the NPNS exception, no longer qualified for NPNS treatment and, accordingly, is accounted for as a derivative and marked to fair value through operating revenues.

Prior to the Thermal Disposition, which is further described in Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*, a portion of the Company's derivative commodity contracts were related to its Thermal Business for the purchase of fuel/electricity commodities based on the forecasted usage of the thermal district energy centers. Realized gains and losses on these contracts were reflected in the fuel costs that were permitted to be billed to customers through the related customer contracts or tariffs and, accordingly, no gains or losses were reflected in the consolidated statements of income for these contracts through the period that the Company owned the Thermal Business.

See Note 5, Fair Value of Financial Instruments, for a discussion regarding concentration of credit risk.

Note 7 — Long-term Debt

This note should be read in conjunction with the complete description under Item 15 — Note 10, *Long-term Debt*, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K. The Company's borrowings, including short-term and long-term portions consisted of the following:

(In millions, except rates)	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	September 30, 2022 interest rate % (a) (b)	Letters of Credit Outstanding at September 30, 2022
Intercompany Note with Clearway, Inc.	\$ 5	\$ 1	3.050	
2028 Senior Notes	850	850	4.750	
2031 Senior Notes	925	925	3.750	
2032 Senior Notes	350	350	3.750	
Clearway Energy LLC and Clearway Energy Operating LLC Revolving Credit Facility, due 2023 $^{\rm (c)}$	_	245	L+1.750	\$ 112
Bridge Loan, due 2022	_	335	S+1.250	
Project-level debt:				
Agua Caliente Solar LLC, due 2037	665	684	2.395 - 3.633	45
Alta Wind Asset Management LLC, due 2031	12	13	L+2.625	_
Alta Wind I-V lease financing arrangements, due 2034 and 2035	727	756	5.696 - 7.015	22
Alta Wind Realty Investments LLC, due 2031	23	24	7.000	_
Borrego, due 2024 and 2038	52	54	Various	4
Buckthorn Solar, due 2025	120	123	L+1.750	22
Capistrano Wind Portfolio, due 2029 and 2031	160	_	L+2.000	37
Carlsbad Energy Holdings LLC, due 2027	121	136	L+1.750	68
Carlsbad Energy Holdings LLC, due 2038	407	407	4.120	_
Carlsbad Holdco, due 2038	203	205	4.210	10
CVSR, due 2037	627	652	2.339 - 3.775	_
CVSR Holdco Notes, due 2037	160	169	4.680	13
DG-CS Master Borrower LLC, due 2040	413	441	3.510	30
El Segundo Energy Center, due 2023	130	193	L+1.875 - L+2.500	128
Kawailoa Solar Portfolio LLC, due 2026	_	78	L+1.375	_
Laredo Ridge, due 2028 (d)	_	72	L+2.125	_
Marsh Landing, due 2023	38	84	L+2.375	55
Mililani I, due 2022 and 2024	103	_	L+1.000 - L+1.250	3
NIMH Solar, due 2024	171	176	L+2.000	14
Oahu Solar Holdings LLC, due 2026	84	86	L+1.375	10
Rosie Class B LLC, due 2027	77	78	L+1.750	17
Tapestry Wind LLC, due 2031 (d)	_	85	L+1.375	_
Utah Solar Holdings, due 2036	268	273	3.590	15
Viento Funding II, LLC, due 2023 and 2029 (d)	186	29	S+1.475	26
Walnut Creek, due 2023	34	74	L+1.750	73
WCEP Holdings, LLC, due 2023	27	30	L+3.000	_
Other	140	151	Various	193
Subtotal project-level debt:	4,948	5,073		
Total debt	7,078	7,779		
Less current maturities	(498)			
Less net debt issuance costs	(65)	` /		
Add premiums (e)	4	4		
Total long-term debt	\$ 6,519	\$ 6,939		
roun rong term deor	- 0,517	= = = = = = =		

 $^{^{(}a)}$ As of September 30, 2022, L+ equals 3 month LIBOR plus x%, except Marsh Landing, due 2023, Mililani I, due 2022 and 2024, and Walnut Creek, due 2023, where L+ equals 1 month LIBOR plus x%.

⁽b) S+ equals SOFR, plus x%.

⁽c) Applicable rate is determined by the borrower leverage ratio, as defined in the credit agreement.

⁽d) Laredo Ridge, due 2028; Tapestry Wind, LLC, due 2031; and Viento Funding II, LLC, due 2023 project-level debt were repaid on March 16, 2022 totaling \$186 million and was replaced with \$190 million in new project-level debt under Viento Funding II, LLC that was obtained on March 16, 2022 and is due in 2029, as discussed further below.

⁽e) Premiums relate to the 2028 Senior Notes.

The financing arrangements listed above contain certain covenants, including financial covenants that the Company is required to be in compliance with during the term of the respective arrangement. As of September 30, 2022, the Company was in compliance with all of the required covenants.

The discussion below describes material changes to or additions of long-term debt for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Clearway Energy LLC and Clearway Energy Operating LLC Revolving Credit Facility

As of September 30, 2022, the Company had no outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility and \$112 million in letters of credit outstanding. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company borrowed \$80 million under the revolving credit facility and repaid \$325 million, \$305 million of which was repaid on May 3, 2022, utilizing the proceeds received from the Thermal Disposition.

Bridge Loan Agreement

On May 3, 2022, the Company repaid the \$335 million in outstanding borrowings under the Bridge Loan Agreement utilizing proceeds received from the Thermal Disposition, as further described in Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*.

Project-level Debt

Capistrano Wind Portfolio

On August 22, 2022, as part of the acquisition of the Capistrano Wind Portfolio, as further described in Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*, the Company acquired non-recourse project-level debt totaling \$164 million held by the Broken Bow, Cedro Hill and Crofton Bluffs wind projects, which is net of \$2 million in previously deferred unamortized debt issuance costs. The non-recourse project-level debt bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus an applicable margin, which is currently 2.00% per annum, and maturities range from September 30, 2029 to July 14, 2031.

Mililani I

On March 25, 2022, as part of the acquisition of Mililani I, as further described in Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*, the Company assumed the project's financing agreement, which included a \$16 million construction loan that converts to a term loan upon the project reaching substantial completion, \$60 million tax equity bridge loan and \$27 million sponsor equity bridge loan. The sponsor equity bridge loan was repaid at acquisition date, utilizing \$14 million from the cash equity investor, as well as \$15 million of the Company's acquisition price, which was contributed back by CEG, and \$2 million was utilized to pay associated fees. The tax equity bridge loan will be repaid with the final proceeds received from the tax equity investor upon Mililani I reaching substantial completion, which is expected to occur in the fourth quarter of 2022, along with the \$18 million that was contributed into escrow by the tax equity investor at acquisition date. Subsequent to the Mililani I acquisition, the Company borrowed an additional \$27 million in construction loans. As of September 30, 2022, the Company had \$43 million in outstanding construction loans in addition to the \$60 million tax equity bridge loan referenced above.

Viento Funding II, LLC

On March 16, 2022, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Viento Funding II, LLC, entered into a financing agreement which included the issuance of a \$190 million term loan as well as \$35 million in letters of credit, supported by the Company's interests in the Elkhorn Ridge, Laredo Ridge, San Juan Mesa and Taloga wind projects. The term loan bears annual interest at a rate of SOFR plus a spread of 0.10% and an applicable margin, which is 1.375% per annum through the fourth anniversary of the term loan and 1.50% per annum thereafter through the maturity date of March 16, 2029. The proceeds from the term loan were used to pay off the existing debt in the amount of \$186 million related to Laredo Ridge, Tapestry Wind LLC and Viento Funding II, LLC and to pay related financing costs. The Company recorded a loss on debt extinguishment of \$2 million to expense unamortized debt issuance costs.

Note 8 — Segment Reporting

The Company's segment structure reflects how management currently operates and allocates resources. The Company's businesses are segregated based on conventional power generation, renewable businesses which consist of solar and wind, and the Thermal Business, which was sold to KKR on May 1, 2022, as further described in Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*. The Corporate segment reflects the Company's corporate costs and includes eliminating entries. The Company's chief operating decision maker, its Chief Executive Officer, evaluates the performance of its segments based on operational measures including adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or Adjusted EBITDA, and CAFD, as well as net income (loss).

	Three months ended September 30, 2022										
(In millions)		Conventional Generation		Renewables		Corporate (a)		Total			
Operating revenues	\$	102	\$	238	\$		\$	340			
Cost of operations, exclusive of depreciation, amortization and accretion shown separately below		19		79		_		98			
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		33		96		_		129			
General and administrative		_		_		8		8			
Operating income (loss)		50		63		(8)		105			
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates		1		13		_		14			
Other income, net		1		_		4		5			
Interest expense		(11)		(14)		(24)		(49)			
Net Income (Loss)	\$	41	\$	62	\$	(28)	\$	75			
Total Assets	\$	2.327	\$	9 634	\$	635	\$	12.596			

⁽a) Includes eliminations.

	Three months ended September 30, 2021									
(In millions)		entional eration	ı	Renewables	-	Thermal	Co	rporate ^(a)		Total
Operating revenues	\$	118	\$	179	\$	54	\$	_	\$	351
Cost of operations, exclusive of depreciation, amortization and accretion shown separately below		20		60		37		_		117
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		34		90		7		_		131
General and administrative		_		_		1		9		10
Transaction and integration costs		_		_		_		1		1
Development costs		_		_		1		2		3
Operating income (loss)		64		29		8		(12)		89
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates		2		18		_		_		20
Other income, net		_		_		1		_		1
Interest expense		(14)		(41)		(5)		(24)		(84)
Net Income (Loss)	\$	52	\$	6	\$	4	\$	(36)	\$	26

⁽a) Includes eliminations.

Nine months ended September 30, 2022

(In millions)	Convention Generation		Re	newables	Т	hermal	Corporate (a)	Total
Operating revenues	\$ 3	13	\$	532	\$	77	\$ —	\$ 922
Cost of operations, exclusive of depreciation, amortization and accretion shown separately below		68		220		50	_	338
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		99		280		_	_	379
General and administrative		_		_		2	27	29
Transaction and integration costs		_		_		_	5	5
Development costs				_		2	<u> </u>	2
Total operating costs and expenses	1	67		500		54	32	753
Gain on sale of business		_		_		_	1,291	1,291
Operating income	1	46		32		23	1,259	1,460
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates		3		25		_	_	28
Other income, net		1		4		_	5	10
Loss on debt extinguishment		_		(2)		_	_	(2)
Interest expense	(29)		(33)		(6)	(75)	(143)
Net Income	\$ 1	21	\$	26	\$	17	\$ 1,189	\$ 1,353

⁽a) Includes eliminations.

Nine months ended September 30, 2021

(In millions)	Conver Gener]	Renewables	Thermal	(Corporate ^(a)	Total
Operating revenues	\$	329	\$	487	\$ 152	\$	_	\$ 968
Cost of operations, exclusive of depreciation, amortization and accretion shown separately below		70		166	99		(1)	334
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		99		266	22		_	387
General and administrative		_		1	2		26	29
Transaction and integration costs		_		_	_		4	4
Development costs		_			3		2	5
Operating income (loss)		160		54	26		(31)	 209
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates		6		26	_		_	32
Other income, net		_		1	2		_	3
Loss on debt extinguishment		_		(1)	_		(41)	(42)
Interest expense		(41)		(103)	(14)	1	(74)	(232)
Net Income (Loss)	\$	125	\$	(23)	\$ 14	\$	(146)	\$ (30)

⁽a) Includes eliminations.

Note 9 — Related Party Transactions

In addition to the transactions and relationships described elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, certain subsidiaries of CEG provide services to the Company and its project entities. Amounts due to CEG subsidiaries are recorded as accounts payable — affiliates and amounts due to the Company from CEG subsidiaries are recorded as accounts receivable — affiliates in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The disclosures below summarize the Company's material related party transactions with CEG and its subsidiaries that are included in the Company's operating costs.

O&M Services Agreements by and between the Company and Clearway Renewable Operation & Maintenance LLC

Various wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company in the Renewables segment are party to services agreements with Clearway Renewable Operation & Maintenance LLC, or RENOM, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CEG, which provides operation and maintenance, or O&M, services to these subsidiaries. The Company incurred total expenses for these services of \$19 million and \$13 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Company incurred total expenses for these services of \$49 million and \$40 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. There was a balance of \$9 million due to RENOM as of both September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Administrative Services Agreements by and between the Company and CEG

Various wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company are parties to services agreements with Clearway Asset Services LLC and Solar Asset Management LLC, two wholly-owned subsidiaries of CEG, which provide various administrative services to the Company's subsidiaries. The Company incurred expenses under these agreements of \$3 million for each of the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. The Company incurred expenses under these agreements of \$11 million and \$10 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. There was a balance of \$2 million due to CEG as of both September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

CEG Master Services Agreements

The Company is a party to Master Services Agreements with CEG, or MSAs, pursuant to which CEG and certain of its affiliates or third-party service providers provide certain services to the Company, including operational and administrative services, which include human resources, information systems, external affairs, accounting, procurement and risk management services, and the Company provides certain services to CEG, including accounting, internal audit, tax and treasury services, in exchange for the payment of fees in respect of such services. The Company incurred net expenses of \$1 million under these agreements for each of the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. The Company incurred net expenses of \$4 million and \$3 million under these agreements for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Note 10 — Contingencies

This note should be read in conjunction with the complete description under Item 15 — Note 14, Commitments and Contingencies, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K.

The Company's material legal proceedings are described below. The Company believes that it has valid defenses to these legal proceedings and intends to defend them vigorously. The Company records reserves for estimated losses from contingencies when information available indicates that a loss is probable and the amount of the loss, or range of loss, can be reasonably estimated. As applicable, the Company has established an adequate reserve for the matters discussed below. In addition, legal costs are expensed as incurred. Management assesses such matters based on current information and makes a judgment concerning its potential outcome, considering the nature of the claim, the amount and nature of damages sought, and the probability of success. The Company is unable to predict the outcome of the legal proceedings below or reasonably estimate the scope or amount of any associated costs and potential liabilities. As additional information becomes available, management adjusts its assessment and estimates of such contingencies accordingly. Because litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties and unfavorable rulings or developments, it is possible that the ultimate resolution of the Company's liabilities and contingencies could be at amounts that are different from its currently recorded reserves and that such difference could be material.

In addition to the legal proceedings noted below, the Company and its subsidiaries are party to other litigation or legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. In management's opinion, the disposition of these ordinary course matters will not materially adversely affect the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Buckthorn Solar Litigation

On October 8, 2019, the City of Georgetown, Texas, or Georgetown, filed a petition in the District Court of Williamson County, Texas naming Buckthorn Westex, LLC, the Company's subsidiary that owns the Buckthorn Westex solar project, as the defendant, alleging fraud by nondisclosure and breach of contract in connection with the project and the PPA, and seeking (i) rescission and/or cancellation of the PPA, (ii) declaratory judgment that the alleged breaches constitute an event of default under the PPA entitling Georgetown to terminate, and (iii) recovery of all damages, costs of court, and attorneys' fees. On November 15, 2019, Buckthorn Westex filed an original answer and counterclaims (i) denying Georgetown's claims, (ii) alleging Georgetown has breached its contracts with Buckthorn Westex by failing to pay amounts due, and (iii) seeking relief in the form of (x) declaratory judgment that Georgetown's alleged failure to pay amounts due constitute breaches of and an event of default under the PPA and that Buckthorn did not commit any events of default under the PPA, (y) recovery of costs, expenses, interest, and attorneys' fees, and (z) such other relief to which it is entitled at law or in equity. The case is currently in discovery and is expected to proceed to trial in June 2023. Buckthorn Westex believes the allegations of Georgetown are meritless, and Buckthorn Westex is vigorously defending its rights under the PPA.

ITEM 2 — Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and the Results of Operations

The following discussion analyzes the Company's historical financial condition and results of operations.

As you read this discussion and analysis, refer to the Company's consolidated financial statements to this Form 10-Q, which present the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. Also refer to the Company's 2021 Form 10-K, which includes detailed discussions of various items impacting the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The discussion and analysis below has been organized as follows:

- Executive Summary, including a description of the business and significant events that are important to understanding the results of operations and financial condition;
- Results of operations, including an explanation of significant differences between the periods in the specific line items of the consolidated statements of income;
- Financial condition addressing liquidity position, sources and uses of cash, capital resources and requirements, commitments and off-balance sheet arrangements;
- · Known trends that may affect the Company's results of operations and financial condition in the future; and
- Critical accounting policies which are most important to both the portrayal of the Company's financial condition and results of operations, and which require management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgment.

Executive Summary

Introduction and Overview

Clearway Energy LLC, together with its consolidated subsidiaries, or the Company, is an energy infrastructure investor in and owner of modern, sustainable and long-term contracted assets across North America. The Company is sponsored by GIP and TotalEnergies through the portfolio company, Clearway Energy Group LLC, or CEG, which became equally owned by GIP and TotalEnergies as of September 12, 2022, when TotalEnergies acquired, through its investment in an intermediate holding company, 50% of GIP's interest in CEG. GIP is an independent infrastructure fund manager that makes equity and debt investments in infrastructure assets and businesses. TotalEnergies is a global multi-energy company.

The Company is one of the largest renewable energy owners in the U.S. with over 5,500 net MW of installed wind and solar generation projects. The Company's over 8,000 net MW of assets also includes approximately 2,500 net MW of environmentally-sound, highly efficient natural gas-fired generation facilities. Through this environmentally-sound, diversified and primarily contracted portfolio, the Company endeavors to increase distributions to its unit holders. Substantially all of the Company's generation assets are under long-term contractual arrangements for the output or capacity from these assets. The weighted average remaining contract duration of these offtake agreements was approximately 11 years as of September 30, 2022 based on CAFD.

On May 1, 2022, the Company completed the sale of 100% of its interests in the Thermal Business to KKR. For further details of the Thermal Disposition, refer to Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*.

As of September 30, 2022, the Company's operating assets are comprised of the following projects:

Projects	Percentage Ownership	Net Capacity (MW) ^(a)	Counterparty	Expiration
Conventional				
Carlsbad	100 %	527	San Diego Gas & Electric	2038
El Segundo	100 %	550	SCE	2023 - 2026
GenConn Devon	50 %	95	Connecticut Light & Power	2040
GenConn Middletown	50 %	95	Connecticut Light & Power	2041
Marsh Landing	100 %	720	Various	2023 - 2030
Walnut Creek	100 %	485	SCE	2023 - 2026
Total Conventional		2,472		
Utility Scale Solar				
Agua Caliente	51 %	148	PG&E	2039
Alpine	100 %	66	PG&E	2033
Avenal	50 %	23	PG&E	2031
Avra Valley	100 %	27	Tucson Electric Power	2032
Blythe	100 %	21	SCE	2029
Borrego	100 %	26	San Diego Gas and Electric	2038
Buckthorn Solar (b)	100 %	154	City of Georgetown, TX	2043
CVSR	100 %	250	PG&E	2038
Desert Sunlight 250	25 %	63	SCE	2034
Desert Sunlight 300	25 %	75	PG&E	2039
Kansas South	100 %	20	PG&E	2033
Mililani I ^{(b) (c)}	50 %	20	Hawaiian Electric Company	2042
Oahu Solar Projects (b)	100 %	62	Hawaiian Electric Company	2041
Roadrunner	100 %	20	El Paso Electric	2031
Rosamond Central (b)	50 %	96	Various	2035 - 2047
TA High Desert	100 %	20	SCE	2033
Utah Solar Portfolio	100 %	530	PacifiCorp	2036
Total Utility Scale Solar		1,621		
Distributed Solar				
DGPV Fund Projects (b)	100 %	286	Various	2030 - 2044
Solar Power Partners (SPP) Projects	100 %	25	Various	2026 - 2037
Other DG Projects	100 %	21	Various	2023 -2039
Total Distributed Solar		332		

Projects	Percentage Ownership	Net Capacity (MW) ^(a)	Counterparty	Expiration
Wind				
Alta I	100 %	150	SCE	2035
Alta II	100 %	150	SCE	2035
Alta III	100 %	150	SCE	2035
Alta IV	100 %	102	SCE	2035
Alta V	100 %	168	SCE	2035
Alta X (b)	100 %	137	SCE	2038
Alta XI ^(b)	100 %	90	SCE	2038
Black Rock (b)	50 %	58	Toyota and AEP	2036
Buffalo Bear	100 %	19	Western Farmers Electric Co-operative	2033
Capistrano Wind Portfolio	100 %	413	Various	2030 - 2033
Crosswinds	99 %	21	Corn Belt Power Cooperative	2027
Elbow Creek (b)	100 %	122	Various	2029
Elkhorn Ridge	66.7 %	54	Nebraska Public Power District	2029
Forward	100 %	29	Constellation NewEnergy, Inc.	2022
Goat Wind	100 %	150	Dow Pipeline Company	2025
Hardin	99 %	15	Interstate Power and Light Company	2027
Langford (b)	100 %	160	Goldman Sachs	2033
Laredo Ridge	100 %	81	Nebraska Public Power District	2031
Lookout (b)	100 %	38	Southern Maryland Electric Cooperative	2030
Mesquite Sky (b)	50 %	170	Various	2033 - 2036
Mesquite Star (b)	50 %	210	Various	2032 - 2035
Mt. Storm	100 %	264	Citigroup	2031
Ocotillo	100 %	59	N/A	
Odin	99.9 %	21	Missouri River Energy Services	2028
Pinnacle (b)	100 %	54	Maryland Department of General Services and University System of Maryland	2031
Rattlesnake (b) (d)	100 %	160	Avista Corporation	2040
San Juan Mesa	75 %	90	Southwestern Public Service Company	2025
Sleeping Bear	100 %	95	Public Service Company of Oklahoma	2032
South Trent	100 %	101	AEP Energy Partners	2029
Spanish Fork	100 %	19	PacifiCorp	2028
Spring Canyon II (b)	90.1 %	31	Platte River Power Authority	2039
Spring Canyon III (b)	90.1 %	26	Platte River Power Authority	2039
Taloga	100 %	130	Oklahoma Gas & Electric	2031
Wildorado (b)	100 %	161	Southwestern Public Service Company	2027
Total Wind		3,698		
Total net generation capacity		8,123		

⁽a) Net capacity represents the maximum, or rated, generating capacity of the facility multiplied by the Company's percentage ownership in the facility as of September 30, 2022.

⁽b) Projects are part of tax equity arrangements and ownership percentage is based on cash to be distributed, as further described in Note 4, *Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method and Variable Interest Entities*.

⁽c) Includes storage capacity that matches the facility's rated generating capacity.

⁽d) Rattlesnake has a deliverable capacity of 144 MW.

Significant Events

Thermal Disposition

• On May 1, 2022, the Company completed the sale of 100% of its interests in the Thermal Business to KKR for net proceeds of approximately \$1.46 billion, inclusive of working capital adjustments, which excludes approximately \$18 million in transaction expenses that were incurred in connection with the disposition. The transaction resulted in a gain on sale of business of approximately \$1.29 billion, which is net of the \$18 million in transaction expenses referenced above. The proceeds from the sale were utilized to repay certain borrowings outstanding, as described under "Corporate Financing Activities" below, with the remaining proceeds invested in short-term investments classified as cash and cash equivalents on the Company's consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2022.

Capistrano Wind Portfolio Acquisition

• On August 22, 2022, the Company, through its wholly-owned indirect subsidiary, Capistrano Portfolio Holdco LLC, acquired the Capistrano Wind Portfolio from Capistrano Wind Partners LLC, an indirect subsidiary of CEG, for a base purchase price of approximately \$255 million less working capital adjustments in the net amount of approximately \$16 million, representing total net consideration of approximately \$239 million. Concurrent with the acquisition, the Company also entered into a development agreement with Clearway Renew LLC, whereby Clearway Renew LLC paid \$10 million to the Company at acquisition date for an exclusive right to develop, construct and repower the projects in the Capistrano Wind Portfolio, which was utilized to partially fund the acquisition of the Capistrano Wind Portfolio. The Capistrano Wind Portfolio consists of five wind projects located in Texas, Nebraska and Wyoming with a combined capacity of 413 MW that reached commercial operations between 2008 and 2012. The assets within the portfolio sell power under PPAs with investment-grade counterparties that have a weighted average remaining contract duration of approximately 10 years. The Capistrano Wind Portfolio operations are reflected in the Company's Renewables segment and the acquisition was funded with existing sources of liquidity.

Drop Down Transactions

- On October 3, 2022, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC, acquired Waiawa BL Borrower Holdco LLC, the indirect owner of the Waiawa solar project, a 36 MW solar project with matching storage capacity that is currently under construction and located in Honolulu, Hawaii, from Clearway Renew LLC, a subsidiary of CEG, for cash consideration of \$20 million. Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC is a partnership between the Company and a third-party investor. The third-party investor also contributed cash consideration of \$12 million, which was utilized to acquire their portion of the acquired entity. Waiawa BL Borrower Holdco LLC consolidates, as the direct owner of the primary beneficiary, a tax equity fund, Waiawa TE Holdco LLC, which directly holds the Waiawa solar project. Waiawa has a 20-year PPA with an investment-grade utility that commences when the project reaches commercial operations, as defined in the PPA. The acquisition was funded with existing sources of liquidity.
- On March 25, 2022, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC, acquired Mililani BL Borrower Holdco LLC, the indirect owner of the Mililani I solar project, a 39 MW solar project with matching storage capacity, located in Honolulu, Hawaii, from Clearway Renew LLC for cash consideration of \$22 million. Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC is a partnership between the Company and a third-party investor. The third-party investor also contributed cash consideration of \$14 million utilized to acquire their portion of the acquired entity. Mililani BL Borrower Holdco LLC consolidates, as the direct owner of the primary beneficiary, a tax equity fund, Mililani TE Holdco LLC, which directly holds the Mililani I solar project. Mililani I has a 20-year PPA with an investment-grade utility that commenced in July 2022. The acquisition was funded with existing sources of liquidity. As part of the acquisition of Mililani I, the Company assumed the project's financing agreement, which included a \$16 million construction loan that converts to a term loan upon the project reaching substantial completion, \$60 million tax equity bridge loan and \$27 million sponsor equity bridge loan. The sponsor equity bridge loan was repaid at acquisition date, utilizing \$14 million from the cash equity investor, as well as \$15 million of the Company's acquisition price, which was contributed back by CEG, and \$2 million was utilized to pay associated fees. The tax equity bridge loan will be repaid with the final proceeds received from the tax equity investor upon Mililani I reaching substantial completion, which is expected to occur in the fourth quarter of 2022, along with the \$18 million that was contributed into escrow by the tax equity investor at acquisition date.

• In February 2022, in connection with the Company's 2021 acquisition of the Class B membership interests in Black Rock Wind Holding LLC, through its indirect subsidiary Lighthouse Renewable Holding Sub LLC, from Clearway Renew LLC, the Company paid an additional \$23 million as final funding after all remaining turbines of the Black Rock wind project became operational. Concurrent with the final funding, the \$59 million that was contributed in 2021 by third-party investors, consisting of \$36 million contributed by the cash equity investor and \$23 million contributed by the tax equity investor, was released to Clearway Renew LLC.

Resource Adequacy Agreements

- In August 2022, the Company contracted with SCE to sell 100% of El Segundo's available capacity commencing in August 2023 and ending in August 2026.
- In July 2022, the Company contracted with several load serving entities to sell the remaining 20% of Marsh Landing's available capacity commencing in May 2023. The agreements are for approximately three and a half years. Marsh Landing's capacity is now 100% contracted for a weighted average contract tenor of approximately four years commencing in May 2023.

Corporate Financing Activities

• On May 3, 2022, the Company repaid (i) \$305 million in outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility and (ii) \$335 million in outstanding borrowings under the Bridge Loan Agreement utilizing proceeds received from the Thermal Disposition.

Project-level Financing Activities

• On March 16, 2022, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Viento Funding II, LLC, entered into a financing agreement which included the issuance of a \$190 million term loan as well as \$35 million in letters of credit, supported by the Company's interests in the Elkhorn Ridge, Laredo Ridge, San Juan Mesa and Taloga wind projects. The proceeds from the term loan were used to pay off the existing debt in the amount of \$186 million related to Laredo Ridge, Tapestry Wind LLC and Viento Funding II, LLC and to pay related financing costs.

Environmental Matters

The Company is subject to a wide range of environmental laws during the development, construction, ownership and operation of facilities. These existing and future laws generally require that governmental permits and approvals be obtained before construction and maintained during operation of facilities. The Company is obligated to comply with all environmental laws and regulations applicable within each jurisdiction and required to implement environmental programs and procedures to monitor and control risks associated with the construction, operation and decommissioning of regulated or permitted energy assets. Federal and state environmental laws have historically become more stringent over time, although this trend could change in the future.

Proposed Federal Reclassification of Northern Long-Eared Bat — On March 23, 2022, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) announced a proposal to reclassify the northern long-eared bat as endangered under the Endangered Species Act. The bat, currently listed as threatened, faces extinction due to the range-wide impacts of white-nose syndrome, a deadly disease affecting cave-dwelling bats across the continent. The northern long-eared bat is found in 37 states in the eastern and north central United States and in Canada. The Company is working with renewable energy industry groups to provide comments on the proposed reclassification as this proposal could affect renewable energy facility siting and operations. The proposed listing was recently published by FWS in the Federal Register and the public comment period closed on May 23, 2022. The Company participated in this comment process through the renewable industry group. FWS has yet to release its final decision.

The Company's environmental matters are further described in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K in Item 1, *Business — Environmental Matters* and Item 1A, *Risk Factors*.

Regulatory Matters

The Company's regulatory matters are described in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K in Item 1, Business — Regulatory Matters and Item 1A, Risk Factors.

Trends Affecting Results of Operations and Future Business Performance

The Company's trends are described in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K in Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Trends Affecting Results of Operations and Future Business Performance.

Recent Developments Affecting Industry Conditions and the Company's Business

COVID-19 Update

As of the date of this report, the Company has not experienced any material financial or operational impacts related to COVID-19, or variants thereof. All of the Company's facilities have remained operational. The Company will continue to assess any financial or operational impacts based on any future developments. For additional discussion regarding risks associated with the COVID-19 pandemic, see Part I, Item 1A, *Risk Factors*, of the Company's 2021 Form 10-K.

Consolidated Results of Operations

The following table provides selected financial information:

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,							
(In millions)		2022		2021	Change		2022		2021		Change
Operating Revenues					,						
Energy and capacity revenues	\$	381	\$	400	\$ (19)	\$	1,172	\$	1,096	\$	76
Other revenues		18		24	(6)		70		69		1
Contract amortization		(42)		(38)	(4)		(125)		(107)		(18)
Mark-to-market for economic hedges		(17)		(35)	18		(195)		(90)		(105)
Total operating revenues		340		351	(11)		922		968		(46)
Operating Costs and Expenses									,		
Cost of fuels		_		20	(20)		29		55		(26)
Operations and maintenance		71		69	2		223		206		17
Other costs of operations		27		28	(1)		86		73		13
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		129		131	(2)		379		387		(8)
General and administrative		8		10	(2)		29		29		_
Transaction and integration costs		_		1	(1)		5		4		1
Development costs		_		3	(3)		2		5		(3)
Total operating costs and expenses		235		262	(27)		753		759		(6)
Gain on sale of business		_		_	_		1,291		_		1,291
Operating Income		105		89	16		1,460		209		1,251
Other Income (Expense)											
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates		14		20	(6)		28		32		(4)
Other income, net		5		1	4		10		3		7
Loss on debt extinguishment		_		_	_		(2)		(42)		40
Derivative interest income		33		6	27		110		42		68
Other interest expense		(82)		(90)	8		(253)		(274)		21
Total other expense, net		(30)		(63)	33		(107)		(239)		132
Net Income (Loss)		75		26	49		1,353		(30)		1,383
Less: Loss attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests		(3)		(12)	9		(49)		(114)		65
Net Income Attributable to Clearway Energy LLC	\$	78	\$	38	\$ 40	\$	1,402	\$	84	\$	1,318

	Three months ended S	eptember 30,	Nine months ended Septemb		
Business metrics:	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Renewables MWh generated/sold (in thousands) (a)	3,367	2,740	11,102	8,640	
Thermal MWt sold (in thousands) (b)	_	509	835	1,577	
Thermal MWh sold (in thousands) (b)	_	17	19	43	
Conventional MWh generated (in thousands) (a) (c)	491	450	912	897	
Conventional equivalent availability factor	93.9 %	99.8 %	92.5 %	93.4 %	

⁽a) Volumes do not include the MWh generated/sold by the Company's equity method investments.
(b) On May 1, 2022, the Company completed the sale of 100% of its interests in the Thermal Business to KKR.
(c) Volumes generated are not sold as the Conventional facilities sell capacity rather than energy.

Management's Discussion of the Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

Operating Revenues

Operating revenues decreased by \$11 million during the three months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, due to a combination of the drivers summarized in the table below:

		(In millions)
Renewables Segment	Increase due to the acquisitions of the Utah Solar Portfolio and Black Rock in December 2021, Mililani I in March 2022 and the Capistrano Wind Portfolio in August 2022, as well as the repowering of the Pinnacle wind project in December 2021.	37
	Increase primarily driven by higher average realized prices at the wind facilities.	8
Conventional Segment	Decrease primarily driven by forced outages at the El Segundo and Walnut Creek facilities in 2022, resulting in lower capacity revenue.	(15)
Thermal Segment	Decrease primarily driven by the sale of the Thermal Business on May 1, 2022.	(55)
Mark-to-market for economic hedges	Decrease in unrealized losses primarily driven by a smaller increase in forward power prices in the ERCOT and PJM markets in 2022, compared to the same period in 2021.	18
Contract amortization	Increase primarily driven by amortization of the intangible assets for PPAs related to the 2021 acquisition of the Utah Solar Portfolio.	(4)
	S S	(11)

Cost of Fuels

Cost of fuels decreased by \$20 million during the three months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, due to the sale of the Thermal Business on May 1, 2022, as further described in Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*.

Operations and Maintenance Expense

Operations and maintenance expense increased by \$2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, due to a combination of the drivers summarized in the table below:

		(In millions)
Renewables Segment	Increase due to the acquisitions of the Utah Solar Portfolio, Black Rock and Mesquite Sky in December 2021 and the Capistrano Wind Portfolio in August 2022.	12
	Increase primarily driven by timing of maintenance activities, as well as increasing material costs largely at the wind facilities.	5
Conventional Segment	Increase primarily driven by forced outages at El Segundo and Walnut Creek in 2022.	1
Thermal Segment	Decrease primarily driven by the sale of the Thermal Business on May 1, 2022.	(16)
	\$	2

Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Affiliates

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates decreased by \$6 million during the three months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, primarily driven by a decrease in earnings from Avenal, as well as the consolidation of the Otah Solar Portfolio in December 2021, which had earnings in 2021.

Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased by \$35 million during the three months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to the following:

	(In millions)
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps	\$ (27)
Decrease in interest expense due to decreased principal balances of project-level debt	(4)
Decrease in interest expense due to the sale of the Thermal Business on May 1, 2022	(4)
	\$ (35)

Loss Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests and Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

For the three months ended September 30, 2022, the Company had a loss of \$3 million attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests comprised of the following:

	(In m	nillions)
Losses attributable to tax equity financing arrangements and the application of the HLBV method	\$	(5)
Income attributable to third-party partnerships		2
	\$	(3)

For the three months ended September 30, 2021, the Company had a loss of \$12 million attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests comprised of the following:

	(In m	illions)
Losses attributable to third-party partnerships	\$	(7)
Losses attributable to tax equity financing arrangements and the application of the HLBV method		(5)
	\$	(12)

Management's Discussion of the Results of Operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

Operating Revenues

Operating revenues decreased by \$46 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, due to a combination of the drivers summarized in the table below:

		(In millions)
Renewables Segment	Increase due to the 2021 acquisitions of the Utah Solar Portfolio, Agua Caliente, Black Rock and Mt. Storm, and the 2022 acquisitions of Mililani I and the Capistrano Wind Portfolio, along with the 2021 repowering of the Pinnacle wind project.	104
	Favorable impact from the loss of \$50 million in February 2021 related to net settlements of obligations for wind facilities that were unable to produce the required output during extreme weather conditions in Texas.	50
	Increase primarily driven by higher average realized prices at the wind facilities.	16
Conventional Segment	Decrease primarily driven by forced outages at Walnut Creek and El Segundo Energy Center during the third quarter of 2022, resulting in lower capacity revenue.	(15)
Thermal Segment	Decrease primarily driven by the sale of the Thermal Business on May 1, 2022.	(78)
Mark-to-market economic hedging activities	Increase in unrealized losses due to changes in the fair value of commodity contracts, primarily driven by the acquisition of Mesquite Sky in 2021, as well as increased unrealized losses due to increases in forward power prices in the ERCOT and PJM markets.	(68)
	Increase in unrealized losses driven by mark-to-market losses of the Langford commodity contract, which previously qualified for the NPNS exception.	(37)
Contract amortization	Increase primarily driven by amortization of the intangible assets for PPAs related to the 2021 acquisitions of Agua Caliente and the Utah Solar Portfolio.	(18)
	\$	(46)

Cost of Fuels

Cost of fuels decreased by \$26 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, due to the sale of the Thermal Business on May 1, 2022, as further described in Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*.

Operations and Maintenance Expense

Operations and maintenance expense increased by \$17 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, due to a combination of the drivers summarized in the table below:

		(In millions)
Renewables Segment	Increase from the acquisitions of the Utah Solar Portfolio, Mesquite Sky, Black Rock and Mt. Storm in 2021, and the acquisition of Mililani I and the Capistrano Wind Portfolio in 2022.	32
	Increase primarily driven by timing of maintenance activities, as well as increasing material costs largely at the wind facilities.	6
Conventional Segment	Increase due to the forced outages at El Segundo and Walnut Creek during the third quarter of 2022.	2
Thermal Segment	Decrease primarily driven by the sale of the Thermal Business on May 1, 2022.	(23)
	<u>\$</u>	17

Other Cost of Operations Expense

Other cost of operations expense increased by \$13 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to the acquisitions of the Utah Solar Portfolio, Mesquite Sky, Black Rock and Mt. Storm in 2021 and the acquisition of the Capistrano Wind Portfolio in 2022.

Gain on Sale of Business

On May 1, 2022, the Company completed the sale of 100% of its interests in the Thermal Business to KKR resulting in a gain on sale of business of approximately \$1.29 billion, as further described in Note 3, *Acquisitions and Dispositions*.

Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Affiliates

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates decreased by \$4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, primarily driven by the consolidation of the Utah Solar Portfolio in December 2021, which had earnings in 2021.

Loss on Debt Extinguishment

The Company recorded a loss on debt extinguishment of \$2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, which reflects the write-off of previously deferred finance costs related to the Laredo Ridge, Tapestry Wind LLC and Viento Funding II, LLC, as further described in Note 7, *Long-term Debt*.

The Company recorded a loss on debt extinguishment of \$42 million during the nine months ended, September 30, 2021, which primarily reflects the write-off of previously deferred finance costs and payment of premiums related to the redemption of the 2025 Senior Notes.

Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased by \$89 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to the following:

	((In millions)
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps	\$	(68)
Decrease in interest expense due to decreased principal balances of project-level debt		(15)
Decrease in interest expense due to the sale of the Thermal Business on May 1, 2022		(7)
Amortization of deferred financing costs related to the Bridge Loan that was entered into during the fourth quarter of 2021 and paid in full on May 3, 2022		1
	\$	(89)

Loss Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests and Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company had a loss of \$49 million attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests comprised of the following:

	(In n	(In millions)	
Losses attributable to tax equity financing arrangements and the application of the HLBV method	\$	(29)	
Losses attributable to third-party partnerships		(20)	
	\$	(49)	

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company had a loss of \$114 million attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests comprised of the following:

	(In i	millions)
Losses attributable to tax equity financing arrangements and the application of the HLBV method	\$	(82)
Losses attributable to third-party partnerships		(32)
	\$	(114)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's principal liquidity requirements are to meet its financial commitments, finance current operations, fund capital expenditures, including acquisitions from time to time, service debt and pay distributions. As a normal part of the Company's business, depending on market conditions, the Company will from time to time consider opportunities to repay, redeem, repurchase or refinance its indebtedness. Changes in the Company's operating plans, lower than anticipated sales, increased expenses, acquisitions or other events may cause the Company to seek additional debt or equity financing in future periods. There can be no guarantee that financing will be available on acceptable terms or at all. Debt financing, if available, could impose additional cash payment obligations and additional covenants and operating restrictions.

Current Liquidity Position

As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company's liquidity was approximately \$1.54 billion and \$821 million, respectively, comprised of cash, restricted cash and availability under the Company's revolving credit facility.

(In millions)	Sep	tember 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Clearway Energy LLC, excluding subsidiaries	\$	625	\$ 33
Subsidiaries		168	146
Restricted cash:			
Operating accounts		144	246
Reserves, including debt service, distributions, performance obligations and other reserves		219	229
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	1,156	\$ 654
Revolving credit facility availability		383	167
Total liquidity	\$	1,539	\$ 821

The Company's liquidity includes \$363 million and \$475 million of restricted cash balances as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. Restricted cash consists primarily of funds to satisfy the requirements of certain debt arrangements and funds held within the Company's projects that are restricted in their use. As of September 30, 2022, these restricted funds were comprised of \$144 million designated to fund operating expenses, approximately \$66 million designated for current debt service payments and \$124 million restricted for reserves including debt service, performance obligations and other reserves, as well as capital expenditures. The remaining \$29 million is held in distribution reserve accounts.

As of September 30, 2022, the Company had no outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility and \$112 million in letters of credit outstanding. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company borrowed \$80 million under the revolving credit facility and repaid \$325 million, \$305 million of which was repaid on May 3, 2022, utilizing the proceeds received from the Thermal Disposition. The facility will continue to be used for general corporate purposes including financing of future acquisitions and posting letters of credit.

Management believes that the Company's liquidity position, cash flows from operations, and availability under its revolving credit facility will be adequate to meet the Company's financial commitments; debt service obligations; growth, operating and maintenance capital expenditures; and to fund distributions to Clearway, Inc. and CEG. Management continues to regularly monitor the Company's ability to finance the needs of its operating, financing and investing activity within the dictates of prudent balance sheet management.

Sources of Liquidity

The Company's principal sources of liquidity include cash on hand, cash generated from operations, proceeds from sales of assets, borrowings under new and existing financing arrangements and the issuance of additional equity and debt securities by Clearway, Inc. or the Company as appropriate given market conditions. As described in Note 7, *Long-term Debt*, to this Form 10-Q and Item 15 — Note 10, *Long-term Debt*, to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K, the Company's financing arrangements consist of corporate level debt, which includes Senior Notes, intercompany borrowings with Clearway, Inc. and the revolving credit facility, the ATM Programs and project-level financings for its various assets.

Thermal Disposition

On May 1, 2022, the Company completed the sale of 100% of its interests in the Thermal Business to KKR for net proceeds of approximately \$1.46 billion, inclusive of working capital adjustments, which excludes approximately \$18 million in transaction expenses that were incurred in connection with the disposition. The transaction resulted in a gain on sale of business of approximately \$1.29 billion, which is net of the \$18 million in transaction expenses referenced above. The proceeds from the sale were utilized to repay certain borrowings outstanding, as further described in Note 7, *Long-term Debt*, with the remaining proceeds invested in short-term investments classified as cash and cash equivalents on the Company's consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2022.

Credit Ratings

Credit rating agencies rate a firm's public debt securities. These ratings are utilized by the debt markets in evaluating a firm's credit risk. Ratings influence the price paid to issue new debt securities by indicating to the market the Company's ability to pay principal, interest and preferred dividends. Rating agencies evaluate a firm's industry, cash flow, leverage, liquidity and hedge profile, among other factors, in their credit analysis of a firm's credit risk. As of September 30, 2022, the Company's 2028 Senior Notes, 2031 Senior Notes and 2032 Senior Notes were rated BB by S&P and Ba2 by Moody's.

Uses of Liquidity

The Company's requirements for liquidity and capital resources, other than for operating its facilities, are categorized as: (i) debt service obligations, as described more fully in Note 7, *Long-term Debt*, to the consolidated financial statements; (ii) capital expenditures; (iii) off-balance sheet arrangements; (iv) acquisitions and investments; and (v) distributions.

Capital Expenditures

The Company's capital spending program is mainly focused on maintenance capital expenditures, consisting of costs to maintain the assets currently operating, such as costs to replace or refurbish assets during routine maintenance, and growth capital expenditures consisting of costs to construct new assets and costs to complete the construction of assets where construction is in process.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company used approximately \$95 million to fund capital expenditures, including growth expenditures of \$75 million in the Renewables segment, funded through construction-related financing. Renewables segment capital expenditures included \$24 million incurred in connection with the Milliani solar project, \$28 million incurred in connection with the Mesquite Sky wind project, \$13 million incurred in connection with the Black Rock wind project, \$5 million incurred in connection with the Rattlesnake wind project and \$5 million incurred by other wind and solar projects. Prior to the sale of the Thermal Business on May 1, 2022, the Company incurred \$4 million of growth capital expenditures in the Thermal segment in connection with various development projects. In addition, the Company incurred \$16 million in maintenance capital expenditures. The Company estimates \$30 million of maintenance expenditures for 2022. These estimates are subject to continuing review and adjustment. Actual capital expenditures may vary from these estimates.

Acquisitions and Investments

The Company intends to acquire generation assets developed and constructed by CEG, as well as generation assets from third parties where the Company believes its knowledge of the market and operating expertise provides a competitive advantage, and to utilize such acquisitions as a means to grow its business.

Waiawa Drop Down — On October 3, 2022, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC, acquired Waiawa BL Borrower Holdco LLC, the indirect owner of the Waiawa solar project, a 36 MW solar project with matching storage capacity that is currently under construction and located in Honolulu, Hawaii, from Clearway Renew LLC, a subsidiary of CEG, for cash consideration of \$20 million. Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC is a partnership between the Company and a third-party investor. The third-party investor also contributed cash consideration of \$12 million, which was utilized to acquire their portion of the acquired entity. Waiawa BL Borrower Holdco LLC consolidates, as the direct owner of the primary beneficiary, a tax equity fund, Waiawa TE Holdco LLC, which directly holds the Waiawa solar project. Waiawa has a 20-year PPA with an investment-grade utility that commences when the project reaches commercial operations, as defined in the PPA. The acquisition was funded with existing sources of liquidity.

Capistrano Wind Portfolio Acquisition — On August 22, 2022, the Company, through its wholly-owned indirect subsidiary, Capistrano Portfolio Holdco LLC, acquired the Capistrano Wind Portfolio from Capistrano Wind Partners LLC, an indirect subsidiary of CEG, for a base purchase price of approximately \$255 million, less working capital adjustments in the net amount of approximately \$16 million, representing total net consideration of approximately \$239 million. Concurrent with the acquisition, the Company also entered into a development agreement with Clearway Renew LLC, whereby Clearway Renew LLC paid \$10 million to the Company at acquisition date for an exclusive right to develop, construct and repower the projects in the Capistrano Wind Portfolio, which was utilized to partially fund the acquisition of the Capistrano Wind Portfolio. The Capistrano Wind Portfolio consists of five wind projects located in Texas, Nebraska and Wyoming with a combined capacity of 413 MW that reached commercial operations between 2008 and 2012. The assets within the portfolio sell power under PPAs with investment-grade counterparties that have a weighted average remaining contract duration of approximately 10 years. The Capistrano Wind Portfolio operations are reflected in the Company's Renewables segment and the acquisition was funded with existing sources of liquidity.

Mililani I Drop Down — On March 25, 2022, the Company, through its indirect subsidiary, Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC, acquired Mililani BL Borrower Holdco LLC, the indirect owner of the Mililani I solar project, a 39 MW Solar project with matching storage capacity, located in Honolulu, Hawaii, from Clearway Renew LLC for cash consideration of \$22 million. Lighthouse Renewable Holdco LLC is a partnership between the Company and a third-party investor. The third-party investor also contributed cash consideration of \$14 million utilized to acquire their portion of the acquired entity. Mililani BL Borrower Holdco LLC consolidates, as the direct owner of the primary beneficiary, a tax equity fund, Mililani TE Holdco LLC, which directly holds the Mililani I solar project. Mililani I has a 20-year PPA with an investment-grade utility that commenced in July 2022. The acquisition was funded with existing sources of liquidity. As part of the acquisition of Mililani I, the Company assumed the project's financing agreement, which included a \$16 million construction loan that converts to a term loan upon substantial completion of the project, \$60 million tax equity bridge loan and \$27 million sponsor equity bridge loan. The sponsor equity bridge loan was repaid at acquisition date, utilizing \$14 million from the cash equity investor, as well as \$15 million of the Company's acquisition price, which was contributed back by CEG, and \$2 million was utilized to pay associated fees. The tax equity bridge loan will be repaid with the final proceeds received from the tax equity investor upon Mililani I reaching substantial completion, which is expected to occur in the fourth quarter of 2022, along with the \$18 million that was contributed into escrow by the tax equity investor at acquisition date.

Black Rock Drop Down — In February 2022, in connection with the Company's 2021 acquisition of the Class B membership interests in Black Rock Wind Holding LLC, through its indirect subsidiary Lighthouse Renewable Holding Sub LLC, from Clearway Renew LLC, the Company paid an additional \$23 million as final funding after all remaining turbines of the Black Rock wind project became operational. Concurrent with the final funding, the \$59 million that was contributed in 2021 by third-party investors, consisting of \$36 million contributed by the cash equity investor and \$23 million contributed by the tax equity investor, was released to Clearway Renew LLC.

Bridge Loan Agreement

On May 3, 2022, the Company repaid the \$335 million in outstanding borrowings under the Bridge Loan Agreement utilizing proceeds received from the Thermal Disposition.

Cash Distributions to Clearway, Inc. and CEG

The Company intends to distribute to its unit holders in the form of a quarterly distribution all of the CAFD it generates each quarter, less reserves for the prudent conduct of the business, including among others, maintenance capital expenditures to maintain the operating capacity of the assets. Distributions on the Company's units are subject to available capital, market conditions and compliance with associated laws, regulations and other contractual obligations. The Company expects that, based on current circumstances, comparable cash distributions will continue to be paid in the foreseeable future.

The following table lists the distributions paid on the Company's Class A, B, C and D units during the nine months ended September 30, 2022:

	Third (Quarter 2022	Sec	cond Quarter 2022	First (Quarter 2022
Distributions per Class A, B, C and D unit	\$	0.3604	\$	0.3536	\$	0.3468

On November 2, 2022, the Company declared a distribution on its Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D units of \$0.3672 per unit payable on December 15, 2022 to unit holders of record as of December 1, 2022.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Obligations under Certain Guarantee Contracts

The Company may enter into guarantee arrangements in the normal course of business to facilitate commercial transactions with third parties.

Retained or Contingent Interests

The Company does not have any material retained or contingent interests in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity.

Obligations Arising Out of a Variable Interest in an Unconsolidated Entity

As of September 30, 2022, the Company has several investments with an ownership interest percentage of 50% or less in energy and an energy-related entity that is accounted for under the equity method. GenConn is a variable interest entity for which the Company is not the primary beneficiary. The Company's pro-rata share of non-recourse debt held by unconsolidated affiliates was approximately \$333 million as of September 30, 2022. This indebtedness may restrict the ability of these subsidiaries to issue dividends or distributions to the Company.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

The Company has a variety of contractual obligations and other commercial commitments that represent prospective cash requirements in addition to the Company's capital expenditure programs, as disclosed in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K.

Cash Flow Discussion

The following table reflects the changes in cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2021:

	Nine months ended September 30,					
	2022 2021		2021 Chang		Change	
			(In	millions)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	614	\$	530	\$	84
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		1,100		(430)		1,530
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,212)		(10)		(1,202)

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Changes to net cash provided by operating activities were driven by:	(In m	illions)
Increase in operating income adjusted for non-cash items	\$	99
Increase in working capital primarily driven by the timing of accounts receivable collections and payments of accounts payable		3
Transaction expenses paid on May 1, 2022 in connection with the sale of the Thermal Business		(18)
	\$	84

Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities

Changes to net cash provided by (used in) investing activities were driven by:	(In 1	millions)
Proceeds from the sale of the Thermal Business	\$	1,457
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired, in 2021		211
Decrease in cash paid for Drop Down assets		81
Decrease in capital expenditures		29
Cash paid to CEG in 2021 for equipment for the Pinnacle wind project repowering		21
Cash paid to CEG in 2022 for Capistrano Wind Portfolio		(223)
Decrease in the return of investment from unconsolidated affiliates		(25)
Other		(21)
	\$	1,530

Net Cash Used in Financing Activities

Changes in net cash used in financing activities were driven by:	(In	millions)
Decrease in proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt, net of payments	\$	(511)
Decrease in proceeds from the revolving credit facility, net of payments		(322)
Decrease in contributions from noncontrolling interest members, net of distributions		(146)
Decrease in contributions from CEG, net of distributions		(119)
Cash released from escrow distributed to CEG in 2022		(64)
Tax-related distributions in 2022		(19)
Increase in payments of distributions		(15)
Other		(6)
	\$	(1,202)

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

The Company may enter into commodity purchase contracts and other energy-related financial instruments to mitigate variability in earnings due to fluctuations in spot market prices. In addition, in order to mitigate interest rate risk associated with the issuance of variable rate debt, the Company enters into interest rate swap agreements.

The tables below disclose the activities of non-exchange traded contracts accounted for at fair value in accordance with ASC 820. Specifically, these tables disaggregate realized and unrealized changes in fair value; disaggregate estimated fair values at September 30, 2022, based on their level within the fair value hierarchy defined in ASC 820; and indicate the maturities of contracts at September 30, 2022. For a full discussion of the Company's valuation methodology of its contracts, see *Derivative Fair Value Measurements* in Note 5, *Fair Value of Financial Instruments*.

<u>Derivative Activity (Losses) Gains</u>	(In 1	millions)
Fair value of contracts as of December 31, 2021	\$	(236)
Contracts realized or otherwise settled during the period		59
Contracts acquired during the period		6
Contracts added due to loss of NPNS exception		(22)
Contracts removed during the period		6
Changes in fair value		(89)
Fair value of contracts as of September 30, 2022	\$	(276)

	Fair value of contracts as of September 30, 2022									
	Maturity									
Fair Value Hierarchy (Losses) Gains		r Less	Greater Than 1 Year to 3 Years		Greater Than 3 Years to 5 Years		Greater Than 5 Years			Total Fair Value
					(In millions)				_
Level 2	\$	23	\$	44	\$	15	\$	12	\$	94
Level 3		(79)		(98)		(72)		(121)		(370)
Total	\$	(56)	\$	(54)	\$	(57)	\$	(109)	\$	(276)

The Company has elected to disclose derivative assets and liabilities on a trade-by-trade basis and does not offset amounts at the counterparty master agreement level. As discussed below in *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk - Commodity Price Risk*, the Company, measures the sensitivity of the portfolio to potential changes in market prices using VaR, a statistical model which attempts to predict risk of loss based on market price and volatility. The Company's risk management policy places a limit on one-day holding period VaR, which limits the net open position.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Company's discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operations are based upon the consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements and related disclosures in compliance with GAAP requires the application of appropriate technical accounting rules and guidance, as well as the use of estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. The application of these policies necessarily involves judgments regarding future events, including the likelihood of success of particular projects, legal and regulatory challenges and the fair value of certain assets and liabilities. These judgments, in and of themselves, could materially affect the financial statements and disclosures based on varying assumptions, which may be appropriate to use. In addition, the financial and operating environment may also have a significant effect, not only on the operation of the business, but on the results reported through the application of accounting measures used in preparing the financial statements and related disclosures, even if the nature of the accounting policies has not changed.

On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates these estimates, utilizing historic experience, consultation with experts and other methods the Company considers reasonable. Actual results may differ substantially from the Company's estimates. Any effects on the Company's business, financial position or results of operations resulting from revisions to these estimates are recorded in the period in which the information that gives rise to the revision becomes known.

The Company identifies its most critical accounting policies as those that are the most pervasive and important to the portrayal of the Company's financial position and results of operations, and that require the most difficult, subjective and/or complex judgments by management regarding estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain. The Company's critical accounting policies include income taxes and valuation allowance for deferred tax assets, accounting utilizing Hypothetical Liquidation at Book Value, or HLBV, and acquisition accounting.

Recent Accounting Developments

See Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, for a discussion of recent accounting developments.

ITEM 3 — Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company is exposed to several market risks in its normal business activities. Market risk is the potential loss that may result from market changes associated with the Company's power generation or with an existing or forecasted financial or commodity transaction. The types of market risks the Company is exposed to are commodity price risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, and credit risk. The following disclosures about market risk provide an update to, and should be read in conjunction with, Item 7A — *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk*, of the Company's 2021 Form 10-K.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to fluctuations in interest rates through its issuance of variable rate debt. Exposures to interest rate fluctuations may be mitigated by entering into derivative instruments known as interest rate swaps, caps, collars and put or call options. These contracts reduce exposure to interest rate volatility and result in primarily fixed rate debt obligations when taking into account the combination of the variable rate debt and the interest rate derivative instrument. See Note 6, *Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, for more information.

Most of the Company's project subsidiaries enter into interest rate swaps, intended to hedge the risks associated with interest rates on non-recourse project-level debt. See Item 15 — Note 10, *Long-term Debt*, to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 included in the 2021 Form 10-K for more information about interest rate swaps of the Company's project subsidiaries.

If all of the interest rate swaps had been discontinued on September 30, 2022, the Company would have owed the counterparties \$90 million. Based on the credit ratings of the counterparties, the Company believes its exposure to credit risk due to nonperformance by counterparties to its hedge contracts to be insignificant.

The Company has long-term debt instruments that subject it to the risk of loss associated with movements in market interest rates. As of September 30, 2022, a change of 1%, or 100 basis points, in interest rates would result in an approximately \$1 million change in market interest expense on a rolling twelve-month basis.

As of September 30, 2022, the fair value of the Company's debt was \$6.30 billion and the carrying value was \$7.08 billion. The Company estimates that a decrease of 1%, or 100 basis points, in market interest rates would have increased the fair value of its long-term debt by approximately \$361 million.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the general funding needs of the Company's activities and in the management of the Company's assets and liabilities.

Commodity Price Risk

Commodity price risks result from exposures to changes in spot prices, forward prices, volatilities, and correlations between various commodities, such as electricity and emissions credits. The Company manages the commodity price risk of its merchant generation operations by entering into derivative or non-derivative instruments to hedge the variability in future cash flows from forecasted power sales. The portion of forecasted transactions hedged may vary based upon management's assessment of market, weather, operation and other factors.

Based on a sensitivity analysis using simplified assumptions, the impact of a \$0.50 per MWh increase or decrease in power prices across the term of the derivatives contracts would cause a change of approximately \$7 million to the net value of power derivatives as of September 30, 2022.

Counterparty Credit Risk

Credit risk relates to the risk of loss resulting from non-performance or non-payment by counterparties pursuant to the terms of their contractual obligations. The Company monitors and manages credit risk through credit policies that include: (i) an established credit approval process; and (ii) the use of credit mitigation measures such as prepayment arrangements or volumetric limits. Risks surrounding counterparty performance and credit could ultimately impact the amount and timing of expected cash flows. The Company seeks to mitigate counterparty risk by having a diversified portfolio of counterparties. See Note 5, Fair Value of Financial Instruments, to the consolidated financial statements for more information about concentration of credit risk.

ITEM 4 — Controls and Procedures

Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including its principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer, the Company conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended September 30, 2022 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 — LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

For a discussion of the material legal proceedings in which the Company was involved through September 30, 2022, see Note 10, *Contingencies*, to this Form 10-Q.

ITEM 1A — RISK FACTORS

Information regarding risk factors appears in Part I, Item 1A, *Risk Factors*, in the Company's 2021 Form 10-K. There have been no material changes in the Company's risk factors since those reported in its 2021 Form 10-K.

ITEM 2 — UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3 — DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4 — MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5 — OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6 — EXHIBITS

Description

Number

10.1	Seventh Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, entered into as of August 15, 2022, by and among Clearway Energy Operating LLC, Clearway Energy LLC, the guarantors party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the lenders party thereto.	Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 19, 2022.
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) certification of Christopher S. Sotos.	Filed herewith.
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) certification of Sarah Rubenstein.	Filed herewith.
32	Section 1350 Certification.	Furnished herewith.
101 INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document.	Filed herewith.
101 SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.	Filed herewith.
101 CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.	Filed herewith.
101 DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.	Filed herewith.
101 LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.	Filed herewith.
101 PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.	Filed herewith.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (the cover page interactive data file does not appear in Exhibit 104 because its Inline XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document).	Filed herewith.

Method of Filing

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CLEARWAY ENERGY LLC (Registrant)

/s/ CHRISTOPHER S. SOTOS

Christopher S. Sotos

President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ SARAH RUBENSTEIN

Sarah Rubenstein
Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting
Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal
Accounting Officer)

Date: November 2, 2022

CERTIFICATION

I, Christopher S. Sotos, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Clearway Energy LLC;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ CHRISTOPHER S. SOTOS

Christopher S. Sotos
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 2, 2022

CERTIFICATION

I, Sarah Rubenstein, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Clearway Energy LLC;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ SARAH RUBENSTEIN

Sarah Rubenstein Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: November 2, 2022

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Clearway Energy LLC on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Form 10-Q"), each of the undersigned officers of the Company certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to such officer's knowledge:

- (1) The Form 10-Q fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods expressed in the Form 10-Q.

Date: November 2, 2022

/s/ CHRISTOPHER S. SOTOS

Christopher S. Sotos

President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ SARAH RUBENSTEIN

Sarah Rubenstein

Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of this Form 10-Q or as a separate disclosure document.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Clearway Energy LLC and will be retained by Clearway Energy LLC and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.